

## \$2,700 TOO MUCH.

**This Amount Paid for Nine Water Hydrants That Were Never Put In.**

N. W. Harris & Co. Buy \$10,000 of City Bonds.—Other Business of the Council.

Aldermen Karner, Brill, Cook, Peickard, Maine, McCreedy and Dumbleton maintained the quorum present at the regular monthly meeting of the city council, last Monday evening. The Hagemelster Brewing Co. made application for wholesale liquor license, which was granted subsequently on request of license committee. In a communication, Regent J. O. Raymond requested that an arc light be placed at the intersection of Brown and Reserve street, opposite the west entrance to the Normal School. Mr. Raymond further stated that the regents were willing to maintain a light opposite the south entrance, on Main street. On motion petition was granted.

Committee on fire department recommended that the petition of Mrs. Thos. Gray for leave to erect a brick veneered building on Clark street, be granted, and the report was accepted. Mrs. Gray is about to erect a store building on her lots near Thos. Hyde's insurance office, and when completed Wm. Gray will move his stock of groceries from Third street to the new location. Municipal Judge Murat submitted his quarterly report, showing that he had collected \$45.50 in fines during the past three months.

Committee on finance next opened seven bids for the \$10,000 of First ward school bonds offered for sale, the names and locations of the bidders and substance of their bids being as follows:

E. H. Gay & Co., Chicago—For bonds drawing 5 per cent. interest will pay par and accrued interest and a premium of \$311. For 4½ per cents., will pay par, less a commission of \$97, we to furnish necessary blank bonds.

N. W. Harris & Co., Chicago—For \$10,000 in 4½ per cent. bonds we will pay \$10,156 and accrued interest; also furnish blank bonds.

S. A. Kean, Chicago—If city can show an official census of 10,000, I will take 4½ per cent. bonds at 100.25. If population is below 10,000, will take 5 per cent. bonds at 100.25 and interest.

W. J. Hayes & Sons, Cleveland, O.—For 4½ per cents., will pay par, interest and premium amounting to \$107.

Farson, Leach & Co., Chicago—Par, interest and premium of \$267 for the \$10,000 in 5 per cent. bonds.

Illinois Trust & Savings Bank, Chicago—For 5 per cents., will pay par, interest and premium of \$100. Four and one-half per cents., par and interest, less commission of \$290. Four per cents., par and interest, less commission of \$690.

Jas. Reilly, Milwaukee—Will pay face value for the \$10,000 in 5 per cent. bonds.

On motion the bid of N. W. Harris & Co. was accepted and a resolution adopted instructing the mayor and clerk to sign the bonds. City treasurer was also authorized to sell the bonds without delay.

The schedule of claims bill was next read and adopted. All claims were allowed in full, with three exceptions: City Surveyor Prentice asked \$31 for work done and his bill was cut down to \$19; Mrs. D. McGregor wanted \$10—\$4 being for rent of house to pauper family, and \$6 for repairing the dwelling—but was allowed \$4 only. The Lighting Co.'s bill was allowed at \$321.60; asked \$325.

A sensation was next sprung on the council when Mayor Barker arose and stated that the fire hydrants had been checked over, but instead of finding 135, (the number paid for during the past eight years) there were but 126. As a consequence the city has been paying yearly rental of \$37.50 for nine hydrants which were never put in—a total of nearly \$2,700. When the water pipes were first laid, the city officials located 120 hydrants, leaving fifteen to be subsequently placed, and although they have been paying for the full number since 1883, the shortage has just been discovered. Further investigations will be made before the next council meeting.

The H. D. McCulloch Co. petitioned for the council for leave to erect an iron stairway on the Third street side of the old Commercial bank building, and also submitted a proposition to rent the second floor to the city, dividing it up into offices for the city clerk, treasurer and chief of police. They ask \$225 for the council chamber and bank building. On motion petition was granted and mayor and clerk authorized to make lease for one year with privilege of five years.

J. A. Walker offered to sell the city a three foot strip off the west side of his lots on Reserve street, for \$60, but a motion was made and carried that Mr. Walker be given \$50 for the land.

Mayor Barker submitted the following names as election board for the

ensuing year, and on motion the appointments were confirmed:

First Ward—Peter Ule, W. H. Gilchrist, John Ball, inspectors; W. C. Krembs, H. N. Woodworth, ballot clerks; F. A. Krembs, R. H. Butterfield, election clerks.

Second Ward—E. Van Houten, Mal. Collins, M. A. Dille, inspectors; J. H. Bellinger, John Sellers, ballot clerks; D. E. Catlin, A. Cunneen, election clerks.

Third Ward—John Strophe, F. R. Houston, B. L. Vaughn, inspectors; A. Wirt, C. L. Rogers, ballot clerks; P. B. Rivers, Robt. Maine, election clerks.

Fourth ward—E. M. Copps, John Worzinski, Alex. Kujawa, inspectors; Aug. Kostak, John Friday, ballot clerks; Wm. Norstrandt, Geo. Rogers, election clerks.

Fifth Ward—T. F. Fuller, P. H. Cashin, N. Bungert, inspectors; John McGivern, Robert Buchanan, ballot clerks; L. Sawyer, P. O'Connor, election clerks.

Sixth Ward—W. J. Dumbleton, Sam. Wakely, Geo. Gee, inspectors; Geo. H. Patch, Aug. Krohn, ballot clerks; R. H. Curtice, Geo. Lutz, election clerks.

Alderman Peickard moved that the official proceedings of the council be published in the Stevens Point Post, our German contemporary, for the next six months. Wm. Moeschler, one of the publishers, addressed the city fathers, stating that his paper was read by about 500 German families in Stevens Point, nearly 400 of whom do not read English, and while the law expressly states that all legal notices shall be published in the English language, still the council had a perfect right to publish their proceedings in German if they saw fit. Ald. Peickard's motion not having been seconded, no further action was taken.

Ald. Karner moved that Briggs street be opened up, provided the same is done without expense to the city, after which the council adjourned.

## BONDS NOT ACCEPTED.

The Bonds Presented by Emmons Burr Are Not Accepted by Sheriff Leahy. Now at the County Building.

The matter of securing a necessary bond to ensure his freedom, seems to cause Emmons Burr no little trouble. While he has secured fourteen signers, and made a demand on Sheriff Leahy this morning to accept, the demand was refused, that officer deeming the bond insufficient. It will be remembered that Mr. Burr is under bonds of \$15,000 to not leave the state, pending litigation that has been commenced against him, and although it is nearly two weeks since this order was issued by Judge Webb, the surety offered is not yet deemed satisfactory. Those who have signed the bond are A. M. Nelson, John Finch, J. P. Mallick, T. J. Donlevy, J. A. Bremmer, Wm. N. Creasey, Wm. Carley, Geo. McMullins, C. C. Myers, J. P. Dorsey, J. C. Campbell, P. W. Clark, Dr. John Phillips and P. N. Peterson. All but Finch, Dorsey, Carley, Campbell and Clark justified in amounts varying from \$500 to \$4,000 each, making a total of \$16,000. Mr. Burr is at the court house today, in charge of a deputy, and until the court grants the motion of his attorneys to dissolve the order under which he is now held, or additional bonds are secured, he will not be released.

## Didn't Care to Walk.

Wm. Loss, who lives in the town of Hull, three miles east of this city, came to town last Saturday evening, starting for home between nine and ten o'clock. When a mile east of town he stopped to get a glass of beverage, and when he came out his horse was missing. The bridle and rope used for tying the animal were left, but everything showed that they had been removed by some person, who may have had an extra bridle. Mr. Loss passed a couple of men shortly before he stopped, and thinks they were the parties who took his property. After the animal was missed, Loss started east and tracked the rig almost as far as Stockton, and the next day himself and sons went to Amherst Junction, but no trace of the missing outfit was found. He has a notice elsewhere in this issue.

## May Locate Here.

John Strange, the Menasha paper mill man, whose removal to Stevens Point for the purpose of building a mill here, has been mentioned, was expected in the city this morning, but a letter received by Owen Clark says that he will be here on Thursday or Friday. It is quite definite, therefore, that Mr. Strange has not yet abandoned this city as a favorable location for his new plant.

## His Next Regular Visit.

Prof. O. L. Ellis, the successful optician, will make his next regular monthly visit, Nov. 18th, and stay for one week, at Schenk & Arenberg's jewelry store. Call early in the week, as the Prof. is generally very busy at the end of his visit. All examinations and consultations free.

## BEFORE THE COURT.

Emmons Burr is Questioned as to His Property Interests.—Many Interesting Facts Brought Out.

Less than two weeks ago, E. J. Piffner as receiver of the suspended Commercial bank, asked for an order citing Emmons Burr to appear and give testimony as to the disposition of his property, and this was issued by Judge Webb. Wednesday was the day set for hearing before Judge Murat, and it was then adjourned until Friday. At this time the examination was commenced, the receiver being represented by J. H. Brennan and D. E. Frost and the defendant by G. W. Cate. Burr first stated that the only transfer he made on the 21st of August was the sale of his horses to G. W. Cate, but on the same date placed mortgages on his property at the South Side. One mortgage was given to Miss Ferris, his sister-in-law, from whom he borrowed \$1,100 about one year ago, and which money was received by the lady from the sale of property at Oshkosh. The other mortgage was given to a Michigan man, a cousin, from whom \$2,500 were borrowed nine or ten months ago. I gave him a note for 90 days, renewed one once, and it was past due twice when I gave him the mortgage. He wasn't crowding me for pay, and was willing to extend upon renewing the note. Others were crowding, however, executions were out against my property, but I chose to satisfy the Michigan man. Sanborn drew the mortgages and bill of sale. The witness spoke of the property west of the river, which he supposed he owned, but in reality belonged to E. B. Lamoreux, and although he paid taxes part of the time and Lamoreux part of the time, the true ownership was not discovered until a couple of weeks ago. The last Saturday the bank was in existence, Burr said he borrowed \$1,500 from J. P. Mallick. To settle this account he gave him a deed for lands in the town of Carson, which were in the name of E. B. Lamoreux, and also some lands in Marathon county. The balance, \$500, was paid in cash or its equivalent. The witness said he owned no other outside property of any particular value, other than 6 or 8 fortyes of marsh land.

At the stockholders meeting I valued B. B. P. at \$12,500, considered him worth double that amount, but had no offer on him for any amount. Had an idea there was something coming from the races this year, but Brill said there was not. When the bill of sale was made to Cate he was at Grand Rapids, and it was given to secure him for matters due from me to him personally and to the firm, including \$500 for stock, which he paid for in cash, \$620 he had in the bank at the time it closed, about \$450 due the Jackson Milling Co., \$201 due from me as treasurer of the Episcopal church, \$280 due to R. P. Smith, \$100 to a man at Dale, and \$1,000 for legal services rendered and to be rendered. The sale was absolute, and there was no understanding as to securing Sanborn for his stock. Cate is the only stockholder that I have secured. Wanted his assistance and couldn't get it any other way. He assigned to me his claim against the bank. Brill received \$950 for the sale of Maggie Sherman at Lexington.

The Springfield farm was deeded to F. B. Lamoreux at the time it was bought by father, and was mortgaged to McCulloch in March, 1895, to satisfy him for a claim against me for \$6,500. Lamoreux offered to give a mortgage on his house at the same time. This property was listed by me as belonging to me; don't know how I happened to do this; can't offer any explanation. A farm in Iowa, valued at \$3,500, was attached by McCulloch on his claim and sold, the sale going by default. He said he still had property on the South Side, including a half interest in the Emmons lots, a house on Division street, and 10 or 12 lots in the Orrick property. For the sale of land to the Wright Lumber Co., \$50,000 were received, and this was put in the bank except what was paid to McCulloch. The first payment to him was \$15,000, and the balance was to be paid in installments, the total consideration for his stock being \$57,500. The sum of \$3,000 was received from his father's life insurance, and this was credited to his wife in the bank. The \$20,000 Case note has been almost a complete loss, as is also the account of the Emmons Lumber Co., he said, as there was nothing left but a little lumber. Lumber was sold from time to time, and this was used to pay bills. Other losses were those of the Clafin note and the Stevens Point Manf. Co., the latter concern owing the bank between \$7,000 and \$8,000.

Mr. Burr said he made no investments during past four years, lost no money in speculations, but could not tell where the balance that should be

in the bank went to. He said he borrowed \$5,000 from the First National to pay McCulloch, and afterwards borrowed \$2,500 more, for which they held securities consisting of Plover Paper Co. and Stevens Point Box Co. stock.

On Saturday afternoon the examination was continued, time having been given Mr. Burr to look over the books and refresh his memory on certain questions asked. He said that he paid McCulloch \$16,052.05 from time to time from the bank earnings, and the balance was paid from other sources. Jan. 9, 1893, there was \$60,000 of good capital stock in the bank, and the Case account was figured in as good at the time bank closed in 1893. There were other losses, including that of Redfield and Ferguson, between \$7,000 and \$8,000 each, but can't recall any others that figure over \$1,000. Of the Wright money \$37,156.23 were paid to the bank, and the first \$10,000 was paid McCulloch. The total amount of claims against the bank when it closed last April was \$32,000, and \$3,000 of this was a certificate of deposit of his wife. His claim against the bank amounts to between \$35,000 and \$40,000, and there is one note of \$5,000 which he never received credit for according to the books. From May, 1890, to August, 1893, the firm of Burr & Son had a running account or over-draft with the bank. The cost of the \$29,000 of Plover Paper Co. stock was \$9,000. Can't remember of any personal losses, neither of the firm of Burr & Son, and can't explain why I drew out of the bank more than I put in. The witness said he has no money, neither has his wife, and he gave none away. His wife does not own a nickel's worth of property. The bank was solvent just before it closed in the spring of 1893, and he took a credit of \$9,000 from the surplus at the time. He loaned \$8,450 in 1891, to D. V. Bean, when the latter was logging on the Plover, a portion of which was paid. There was also a loss of \$2,000 in the Vosburg account. Father and I owned \$5,500 in stock in the International bank of Amherst, and I surrendered the stock to satisfy a claim against the Commercial, signing father's stock with his and my name, as sole heir. The stock wasn't transferred to me. Would owe the bank about \$50,000 as a member of the firm of Burr & Son, Emmons & Co. and Case & Co., providing am not entitled to any credits. In 1890 the bank had a surplus of \$80,000, when it belonged to him individually. All the real estate in the city, some \$20,500, in which he is interested, is as the heir of Benj. Burr. In April, 1894, the bank had a capital of \$80,000, and can't think of over \$10,200 losses since then. July 2d, 1892, there was a surplus of \$62,332.10, according to the report sent to the state treasurer, and on the 5th it was reversed to surplus account of E. Burr. The same facts exist according to the books on Dec. 31st, 1892, and Jan. 3d, 1893. July 1st, 1893, the bank surplus was \$36,526.51, and this was changed to E. Burr surplus account July 6th. Can't explain this without talking to Louie.

Judge Cate was then put on the stand, and said Burr owed his firm about \$280 when the transfer of horses was made, and the balance of \$1,000 was for services yet unrendered. The amount represented in the sale was about \$3,000, including \$500 paid for stock and a like amount for which he would be holding, Burr having agreed to save him harmless just previous to the closing of the bank, in case anything should happen. He went to him twice at that time, and had this agreement. Mr. Cate stated that if any creditor wants the bill of sale they can have it at the face value, and if there is anything left after the horses are sold, the creditors will receive the benefit. Further he would say, however, that he understands Louis Brill has a claim of about \$7,000 against the horses. It was upon Burr's personal promise to keep him harmless, before the bank failed, that he allowed his money to remain.

## More Hay Burned.

Between 75 and 100 tons of hay have burned on the big marsh in Buena Vista, this week. The fire was confined to the Duck creek section, and men have been fighting to keep it from spreading for several days. Seward Witt, of Plover, was among the heaviest losers, his loss amounting to about 30 tons. The rain of last night seems to have checked the fire very materially.

## Platteville Won't Come.

Next Saturday was the day set for playing a game of foot ball, in this city, between Stevens Point Normal and Platteville Normal elevens. The game promised to be the best of the season, the Platteville boys never having been beaten, but a letter was received from them cancelling the date here, as they play Delafield on Monday. The boys are endeavoring to arrange a game with some other team, but they may not succeed.

## TWENTY TO NOTHING.

The Stevens Point Normal Foot Ball Team Give the Eau Claire Boys a "Goose Egg."—A Well Played Game.

The Stevens Point-Eau Claire foot ball game, played at Eau Claire, last Saturday, resulted in a score of 20 to 0 in favor of the Normal, this being their third shut out. The grounds on which the game was played were 40 feet short and very rough, special raises being noticeable near the goal lines; and as the teams swayed back and forth they disappeared only to reappear on some distant knoll. The game was called at 3:00 p. m. and was hotly contested from beginning to end, for the Eau Claire boys, although no match for their opponents, played a gritty game and could have given the Normal team many points on tackling. Eau Claire won the toss and chose the south goal, giving the Normals the ball for a kick-off. Blencoe raised the pigskin into the air and it had hardly been touched by an Eau Claire man before he was downed. Here the men lined on the ball, the rush lines being about of equal weight, while the Normals had somewhat the heavier backs. Eau Claire first played her half and end but seeing she could make no gains that way the ball was passed to Moon, who punted, and Blencoe captured the pigskin. Clark then made a gain of ten yards, and the Normal men playing Hamilton, Manz, Weaver, Lees and Blencoe, worked the ball within twelve yards of the opposite goal line. Here Eau Claire fought bitterly, their tackling being of the most reckless nature, but all of no avail, for Blencoe by a brilliant run and proper interference scored the first touch down and then kicked goal. Score: Stevens Point 6, Eau Claire 0.

Eau Claire then kicked the ball off from the center of the field and it was brought back to the center before the Normal man was downed. Stevens Point now played rapid and decisive line smashes and worked the ball toward Eau Claire's goal line, until they struck the up grade so prominent near the goal lines. Being unable to make the ascent, they lost the ball on downs. Eau Claire then tried her half, Wilcox, but Paral breaking through the line tackled three yards behind, and she resorted to the punt for the gain; but lost the ball. Blencoe then took the oval for a fifty yard sprint, but the Normals lost the ball on improper interference. Eau Claire, however, again lost the ball on three consecutive downs and the Normals gradually advanced it within fifteen yards of the opposite goal line when time was called for the first half.

At the beginning of the second half Eau Claire kicked to Hamilton, who advanced twenty yards, and after a couple of line smashes the Normals were given fifteen yards on an off side play. The pig skin was then passed to Blencoe, who by a phenomenal sprint of 150 yards, scored the second touch down and kicked the goal. Score: Stevens Point 12, Eau Claire 0.

The oval then went down in the center of the field and Eau Claire kicked to the Normals, who soon brought it back and came very near losing the ball on a fumble, but for Everts' quick dive. Then by good runs coupled with center plays, Blencoe was ridden across the line and scored the third touch down, but in trying for goal misses. Score: Stevens Point 16, Eau Claire 0. Eau Claire again kicks from the center of the field and by rapid work and decisive line smashes the Normals carried the Eau Claire team completely from their feet and Blencoe is forced over for the fourth touch down but again misses goal. Score: Stevens Point 20, Eau Claire 0.

Eau Claire again kicks off and the oval rapidly nears the Eau Claire goal line when the call of time is all that keeps the Normals from scoring another touch down. The line up:

**NORMALS**  
Weaver.....right end  
Manz.....right tackle  
Brummer.....right guard  
Gardner.....center  
Paral.....left guard  
Lees.....left tackle  
Johnson.....left end  
Everts.....quarter  
Blencoe.....right half  
Clark.....left half  
Hamilton.....full  
Lengths of hays, 20 minutes. Unprepared and Forest Grant. Referee—Gavin Campbell. Linesman—Chapman.

The occupants of the gridiron agreed very well and with the exception of a little foul tackling and elementary slugging the game was clean. The crowd, however, plainly showed a lack of good breeding and cries of "Smash the rubber nose," "Break his neck," "Kill the red sweater" and "Put him out of the game" made the air fairly blue. At a request of the Normal team the return game was declared off, each team paying half the expenses already incurred. The reason for deferring the game was that the Normal team expected Platteville, Saturday, Oct. 9th, and battle for the Inter-Normal state championship, and were afraid the expenses incurred by both games would far exceed the receipts. Communication

has since been received from Platteville and through some petty excuses they have declared themselves unable to meet us; the only alternative for a game next Saturday now being a return at Appleton.

## A Batch of Criminals.

At Waupaca last Thursday, Judge Webb sentenced ten prisoners to Waupun, their terms varying from nine months to four years. A majority of the prisoners were punished for burglary, and either plead guilty or were found such by a jury. Among them was Alfred Roe, alias Joseph Meyers, who had already been brought before Judge Webb on two like occasions in the past. This time he stated he was nineteen years of age, and was out doing detective work, but had been found in bad company. He and a party giving the name of John Lyons burglarized a hardware store at Weyauwega, and the stolen property was found on Roe's person. Lyons got three and one-half years and Roe one year.

## Laid to Rest.

The funeral of Conductor Trevor E. Rodd, held on Thursday afternoon, from the Episcopal church, was very largely attended. It was conducted by Evergreen Lodge, No. 93, F. & A. M., six of whose members, Dr. Southwick, S. J. Campbell, W. A. Webster, F. L. Chase, Geo. W. Utter and W. J. Walters, acted as pallbearers. The floral offerings were beautiful, being presented by the Masons, Maccabees, Trainmen, Conductors, Train Dispatchers, Ladies Auxiliary to O. R. C., Guild of St. Agnes and private individuals. The remarks by Rev. R. H. Weller, who had known the deceased intimately for several years, and especially as a communicant and member of his congregation, were very affecting at times.

## Married Half a Century.

Last Wednesday was the fiftieth anniversary of the marriage of Rev. and Mrs. Jacob Patch, who are numbered among our most esteemed citizens. In the evening over two hundred guests assembled at their home in the Sixth ward, and extended hearty congratulations to the worthy couple. The house was appropriately decorated, Chinese lanterns hung in the grove about the house, and a number of valuable presents were received, not the least being about \$100 in gold. The reception lasted until nine o'clock, after which the guests assembled at the chapel, where Rev. E. P. Rankin, of the Presbyterian church, delivered a most appropriate address to the aged couple. A number of letters from old friends who were unable to be present, were read, and among the guests in attendance were several from outside the city. Mr. and Mrs. Patch have resided in Stevens Point for about thirty years, for the first few years of which time Mr. Patch was pastor of the Presbyterian church. Since then he has done missionary work, visiting different points along the Central for many years, and although eighty years of age, still responds whenever called upon. Mrs. Patch is seventy-three, both are in good health and seem to have many years of usefulness before them.

## Fixing Salaries of Employees.

An interesting paper, a proposed bill before Congress regulating the salaries of postoffice employees, was read by Henry J. Finch, assistant postmaster, before the Forum Club, last Friday evening. Mr. Finch showed the great injustice to employees under the present system, and while the present law defines that clerks, stampers, etc., shall not receive less than \$400 per annum, the head of the department has it within his power to cut this amount within the appropriation, so that in most second class offices they do not receive over \$300, with no extra allowance or vacations. Mail carriers receive \$600 for the first year and \$850 for each subsequent year in cities of the second class, and have fifteen days vacation each year. The new bill proposes to make \$600 the minimum salary of clerks, with an increase according to service, and is an inducement for young men of ability to enter the service. While the post-office department is not self-supporting at the present time, by between seven and eight millions of dollars, this could be regulated, the speaker said, by not allowing publishers of fiction and periodicals that have no value other than as an advertisement of patent medicines, etc., to take advantage of the postal laws that should be for the benefit of legitimate newspapers only.



# ROYAL BAKING POWDER

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest United States Government Food Report.  
Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall St., N.Y.

## The Gazette.

By ED. D. GLENNON.

Terms. — \$2.00 per Annum.

Extra copies of the Gazette may be secured at this office.

### More Locals.

—Starks & Copps, 120 Clark street.  
—F. B. Merriam carries a fine and full line of shoes for ladies.  
—Fresh ground buckwheat flour, at Starks & Copps, 120 Clark street.  
—Mrs. E. L. Ross left for Chicago, the last of the week, on a short visit.  
—Sheriff Horn, of Oshkosh, spent several hours in this city, last evening, between trains.  
—A first-class fire proof safe, also a high grade bicycle, for sale at a bargain, at Singer office.  
—Miss Alma Neuman, after being confined to her home with sickness for some time, is again able to be about.  
—“From Dan to Bersheba,” a lecture by Rev. W. O. Carrier, at the Presbyterian church, next Monday evening.  
—Everybody goes to F. B. Merriam's shoe store, 109 Strong's avenue, for shoes, as styles and prices are right. Call and see.  
—We carry in stock the best two dollar and three dollar men's shoe on the market. F. B. Merriam's shoe store, 109 Strong's avenue.  
—R. A. Cook books your order for coal of any kind or size, delivered at any and all times of the season of 1895 and 1896, at \$6.50 per ton, cash.  
—Don't miss the bargains that J. Iverson is offering at present. They are great ones in all departments, the reduction being from 20 to 40 per cent.  
—It has been discovered that F. B. Merriam, 109 Strong's avenue, carries an extra fine line of ladies, gents, and misses and children shoes. Call and see him.  
—Never in the history of our city have we been able to show the people of this city such valuable footwear as at F. B. Merriam's shoe store, 109 Strong's avenue.  
—Mrs. G. K. Mansur went to Marshfield, last evening, and will spend several days with her daughter, Mrs. V. M. Peck, who has been quite sick for a few weeks.  
—The gentlemen of the M. E. church are preparing to give a supper at the church parlors in the near future. Keep the event in mind and watch for further announcements.  
—Arthur Benham, R. B. Finch and Arthur Week returned from the club house near Gill's Landing, yesterday, bringing back with them 81 ducks, the result of three or four days shooting.  
—Rev. W. O. Carrier's lecture, “From Dan to Bersheba,” will undoubtedly be listened to by a large audience, next Monday evening. At the Presbyterian church. Admission 20 cents, children 10 cents.  
—We will sell you any amount of lumber, grades equal, cheaper than you can buy elsewhere in Stevens Point. Call and get our figures before buying, and we will convince you we mean just what we say.

### SOUTH SIDE LUMBER CO.

—The Henry Wallace, A. M. Nelson and Mrs. G. B. Clark families spent last Sunday at Maple Beach, a few miles up the river, where they enjoyed the scenery and beautiful weather to the fullest extent.  
—Prof. O. L. Ellis has straightened cross eyes by fitting the patient with proper glasses. He will be at Schenk & Arenberg's jewelry store for one week from Nov. 18th. Remember he makes regular monthly visits. Examination free.  
—F. A. Engberry, who has been at Marinette for a couple of weeks, where he is organizing a Home Savings and Loan Association, returned to the city Sunday morning. The work of organization is now practically completed, directors having been chosen and officers elected, but Mr. Engberry will visit there again in a short time.  
—Anthony Lally, of Stockton, had a close call from serious injury a short time since. He was about to get into his wagon, which stood near the house, when the horses started up suddenly, the wagon box striking a corner of the building and Mr. Lally was thrown headlong to the ground. His head barely missed a large rock, but his arm and side were considerably bruised and strained.

—Starks & Copps, 120 Clark street.  
—Giles S. Coon, of Rhineland, has been a Stevens Point this week.  
—The W. C. T. U. parlor meeting, which was to be held at Mrs. Owen Clark's today, has been postponed until next Wednesday, the 13th.  
—County Board meets next Monday, and the November term of circuit court, which is set on the 3d Monday, the 18th, may be postponed a week later on account of other matters.  
—When in the market for hardwood flooring, go to the South Side Lumber Co., who are agents for the celebrated C. J. L. Meyers' L. X. L. maple flooring; also all other kinds of hardwood flooring in stock.  
—Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Krembs and Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Jauch drove out to Sharon, last Sunday, where they went to join Jos. Oesterle, family and friends in celebrating that gentleman's 80th birthday, and a most enjoyable time was had. Notwithstanding his advanced age of four score years, Mr. Oesterle still retains remarkable good health.

### Meet Next Tuesday.

The second unsuccessful meeting of the Great District Fair Association was held at the council chamber last evening, sufficient stock to elect directors not being represented. The meeting was then adjourned until next Tuesday evening, at the same place, when the required number of shares will no doubt be on hand. Stockholders who cannot be present, should send or give their proxies to someone who can.

### No Decision Yet.

G. W. Cate appeared before Judge Webb, at Waupaca, last Monday, and argued a motion to set aside the writ of ne-exeat issued against Emmons Burr. John H. Brennan opposed the motion on behalf of the receiver, and the discussion brought out many remarks that were as sharp as they were direct. The motion was taken under advisement by Judge Webb, and his decision has not yet been rendered. The examination of Burr before Judge Murat, a synopsis of which is given elsewhere, was to have been continued this morning, but was adjourned until Friday afternoon.

### Thursday Evening of Next Week.

There will be a grand vocal and instrumental concert and ball, given by Eintrachts Verein, for the benefit and under direction of Prof. L. A. Schildt, Thursday evening, Nov. 14th, at Central City Opera House. The society will be kindly assisted by Miss Ethel Kirwan, soprano; Miss Eva Felcker, soprano; Miss Eva Tasscher, alto; Misses Alice Gross, Lillie Retlach and Minnie Johnson, pianists. The ladies double quartette of the Womans Club; Mandolin orchestra, Raymond Duncan, director; Amphion band, Dell Wright, leader; Amphion orchestra, Raymond Duncan, director. The concert will conclude with grand ball, with music by the Amphions.

### Christmas Festivities.

The Ladies Auxiliary to the Eintrachts Verein met at the residence of their president, Mrs. Alex. Krembs, last Friday evening, at which time they formulated a program for the entertainment of the families of members of the society, which will be held on Christmas day or evening. Some thirty boys and girls will be selected by the ladies to furnish a portion of the entertainment, the boys to be dressed as brownies and the girls in white, and they will be thoroughly drilled for the occasion. Vocal and instrumental music, essays, orations, etc., will also be on the program, and it promises to be a rare event. The ladies will meet again, one week from next Friday evening, with Mrs. Louis Post.

### May Extend the Northern.

The question of extending the Great Northern R. R. from Superior to Chicago, by way of Milwaukee, has been considered by Jas. J. Hill, president of that road, and eastern capitalists are also interested. A direct line from Superior to Milwaukee, would bring the road through Stevens Point, and this city would therefore receive the benefit of a new road, which is one of the greatest in the country. The Great Northern is greatly in need of a lake outlet, especially in the winter time, and by building to Milwaukee would have one to compete with other western lines. Mr. Hill says that the present is no time to undertake such an enterprise, but in the not far distant future, the plan would become a possibility and a very practical one.

### A Hot Game of Foot Ball.

Eleven representing St. Stephen's parochial and the Second ward public schools played a game of foot ball in Week's field, last Saturday afternoon. The former club coming out ahead with a score of 6 to 4. Willie Utter was the Pooh Bah of the game, acting as umpire, referee and linesman. Following is the line-up:  
ST. STEPHEN'S 24 WARD  
Ed Schantz, right end, Will Deegan  
Clyde Rogers, right tackle, Jas. Ward  
Henry Johnson, right guard, Jas. Ward  
Victor Gross, center, Mike Ward  
Rudolph Zimmer, left guard, B. Altenberg  
Roy Martin, left tackle, Fred Potter  
Louis Collins, left end, John Collins  
Henry Curran, quarter back, C. Pfeiffer  
Tom Malen, right half back, Carl Rice  
Zimmer, left half back, Louis Sater  
Thos. Febohy, full back, Will Watts  
The St. Stephen's boys will play a return game with the Normal Model department, next Saturday afternoon.

## THE SOUTH SIDE.

Personal and News Items of More or Less Importance.

—Mrs. H. B. Griswold returned from a visit in Milwaukee, Friday.  
—Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Urban are the proud parents of another baby girl.  
—Chas. Newcomb now holds the position of night yard clerk for the Central company in this city.  
—Alois Miller is back from Thief River Falls, Minn., where he spent the summer in the employ of Meehan Bros.  
—Chas. P. Mason and Mrs. Fred. Rosenow are enjoying a visit from their sister, Mrs. J. Augustine, and son, of Whitehall.  
—Geo. Buehner and wife, returned from Milwaukee, Monday morning, where Mrs. Buehner had visited among relatives for a week.  
—Miss Nellie Clark returned home last evening, after spending several months visiting relatives and friends at Racine and Milwaukee.  
—The Sons of Veterans gave a pleasant dancing party, last Wednesday evening, at their hall on the South Side, and it was attended by some sixty couples.

—Geo. W. Martin returned from his hunting trip above Merrill, Monday evening, and B. W. Willett came home last night. The party succeeded in getting five deer.

—W. J. Richardson, after a couple of months' absence in Minnesota, part of which time he was in the employ of the Great Northern R. R., returned to the city, the last of the week.

—The Wisconsin Central freight depot at the foot of Main street is now practically finished and is expected that business will be transacted therein on and after next Monday.

The office occupies a space of 16x30 feet in the north end of the building.  
—W. A. Newby's heavy team made things unusually lively around the Central passenger depot, yesterday. Becoming unmanageable near the Central Hotel, they ran south on Division street, and in front of Shirley's store almost collided with another rig. In fact the wagon tongue struck one of the horses a glancing blow, tearing the harness completely off. Just in the rear of the lunch counter and not fifteen feet distant, a caboose occupies the side track, and through this narrow opening team and wagon swiftly passed, without even scratching the building or car. They were caught a few feet distant, when it was found that the horses were uninjured and no damage was done to the wagon, except that a few spokes had been broken in one of the wheels.

### Confirms a Large Class.

Right Rev. S. G. Messmer, bishop of the Green Bay Catholic diocese, arrived here on the 9:25 G. B. train, last Saturday evening, being met at the depot by between two and three hundred members of societies connected with St. Joseph's and St. Peter's churches. With the Central City band at their head, the procession followed the Bishop's carriage to St. Joseph's parsonage, on Center avenue, making a very attractive appearance. Sunday morning Bishop Messmer confirmed a class of forty-three belonging to this latter congregation—fourteen boys, twenty-seven girls and two married ladies. He also preached two very able sermons, one immediately after confirmation and another in the evening. The bishop is a finely educated man, having held a professorship in the Catholic University at Washington before being elevated to his present position.

### A Bad Fall.

Henry Conture, a well known French resident of Linwood, met with quite an accident, in this city, last Thursday afternoon. He was seated on a load of hay and in company with Sol. Goddin, was driving east on Main street. When in front of the Citizens National Bank, one of the wagon wheels struck a piece of wood or some obstruction in the road, and Henry fell to the pavement. He was picked up unconscious and carried into Dr. Lande's office, where he was examined by Drs. Phillips and Lande. No fractures were found, and that evening he was able to be conveyed to the residence of Peter Vanney, on the North Side, and left for home on Saturday. The side of his face, neck and head were badly swollen, and the lesson to Henry to not look upon the flowing bowl when it seems most tempting, may be a most valuable one.

### Married Monday Morning.

There was an interesting wedding at St. Casimir's church, in the town of Hull, last Monday morning, the contracting parties being Michael Vinacki and Miss Mary Gussman. John King and Geo. Indroski were the groomsmen, and Misses Mamie Podach and Verona Krutza the bridesmaids. A reception followed at the home of the bride's parents, and at the bridal dance in the evening she was presented with \$110 by the guests in attendance. The groom has been in the employ of W. E. Langenberg, at his brick yard, for several years, and the bride of fifteen years of age is a very pretty young lady.

## DOING GOOD WORK.

Fifty County Teachers Hold a Very Successful Meeting at Amherst, Last Saturday.—A Readable Report.

The sixth meeting of the Portage County Teachers' Association was called to order by Supt. Hanson, at Amherst, last Saturday, and formally opened by singing “America.” Supt. Hanson then called Principal O. H. Day to the chair and presented an outline method in history. He began by asking several teachers present the question what were the objective points in the civil war? “Teachers as a rule” said the Supt., “do not study history correctly. They can give good descriptions of battles, while they seem to know very little of the campaigns in which such battles were fought.” He then read several answers, copied from examination papers, written by teachers of experience, to show that his statement was true. After the Supt.'s outline of the work done by the Army of the Potomac had been placed upon the black board and copied by the teachers, he invited discussion. A spirited debate followed, in which many of the teachers participated. A short intermission was then granted. Meeting called to order and Supt. started a discussion on school programs. During this discussion, in which many of the teachers took part, it was shown that the great number of classes usually found in a country school could be consolidated and graded according to the manual, so as to save both work and time. The meeting then adjourned to meet at 1:30 P. M.

The afternoon meeting was called to order by the Supt. and opened by singing, “Marching through Georgia.” Prin. O. H. Day addressed the meeting. His subject was “Educational Fads.” Practical teaching was one thing and educational fads another, and the two never blended well. Said Mr. Day, the State manual treated of practical teaching, while other books costing from one to two dollars, could not be compared to it as a teacher's guide. Yet this manual had been distributed gratis to the teachers every year. The graded system of schools was built on a solid foundation, for has it not withstood and survived the fads fancies and pet schemes of more theorists? Did not the present period require more teaching and less theory? When Mr. Day closed his remarks, a discussion as to whether or not vertical writing was a fad, was started. After a short intermission, Miss Agnes Nelson read a very practical paper on spelling. A ballot was then ordered on the next place of meeting. Fifty votes were cast, of which Amherst received 27, Plover 13, Amherst Junction 9, and Stevens Point 1. A motion was then made and carried that the next meeting be held two weeks from today. The meeting was closed by singing the “Battle cry of Freedom.” The teachers who took active part in discussions were O. H. Day, Angeline Heath, Cora Turner, Maud Lombard and Alice Ross.

### Captured a Deer.

Four members of the German hunting club, Hugo Quandt, Ernie Arenberg, John N. Peickert and Jos. Schantz, Jr., spent a day hunting, up near Knowlton, this week, and brought back a fine buck deer. At Knowlton they were joined by two of the Stark brothers, and one of them shot at the fleeing deer at the same time that John did. The latter was given “the benefit of the doubt,” and also the entire carcass, hide and all, and has had the proof of his never-failing aim on exhibition at his headquarters, Green's meat market, ever since.

### Are Bound to Succeed.

The tanning firm of Lukaszevig & Mioskowski, who have been established in business here less than three months, are on the road to prosperity. Theirs is the only tannery in the county, is well located, on the bank of the Wisconsin river, just north of the east end of the Wisconsin Central bridge, and the best of all, both members of the firm understand the business they are engaged in. Their building, while not large, is well adapted for taking care of furs, hides, etc., of customers, as well as of the firm itself. Their tanning is all done with an oil finish, soft and pliable, and is not affected by rain or weather. When thoroughly finished, as they do in all cases, there is no smell from the furs, robes and mittens turned out at their establishment, such as is so common in the ordinary alum and bark tanning. The people of Portage county, and especially the farmers, have felt in need of a tannery for years, and we bespeak for Messrs. Lukaszevig & Mioskowski a continuous increase as they become known in the community.

### Lost or Stolen.

An iron gray mare colt, three years old, with white strip across nose, together with harness and sulky, were either lost or stolen, last Saturday night, Nov. 2d, and went east past Stockton and toward Amherst. A suitable reward will be given for the animal's return, or information, by the owner, Wm. Loss, Hull, three miles east of city, or addressing this office.

## Death of John J. Fallon.

John J. Fallon, one of Stevens Point's most industrious and excellent young men, died at his home, 1105 Ellis street, at 2 o'clock on Sunday morning, from the effects of typhoid fever. He was a mason by trade, and while at work on the new paper mill at Biron commenced to feel ill. He continued his work for a couple of weeks, however, but at the end of that time was forced to give up and started for home, walking two miles. Upon his arrival here, three weeks and two days before his death, he took to the bed at once, and while at times he seemed to be better, giving hopes to friends for recovery, he gradually grew weaker until the final summons came, at the hour above stated, surrounded by his wife and children, mother, father, sister and other relatives.

The deceased young man was born at Lee, Mass., and was 31 years old on the 13th of last April. He came here with his parents some eighteen years ago and in April, 1890, was married to Miss Barbara Zeltinger, who is left, together with two little girls, aged 4 and 2 years respectively. The other immediate relatives are the parents, Mr. and Mrs. Matt. Fallon,

four brothers, Michael, Edward and Thomas, of Milwaukee, and Frank, of this city, and three sisters, Mrs. M. Cassidy, of this city, Mrs. Frank Furlough, of Chicago, and Mrs. Ed. Brennan, of Lee, Mass.

The funeral took place from St. Stephen's church at 9 o'clock on Tuesday morning, Court No. 258, C. O. F., of which order the deceased was a member, attending in a body. Among the floral offerings was one representing the “Gates Ajar,” from the above society. Rev. W. J. Rice officiated, and the pallbearers were A. J. Cunneen, W. J. Delaney, Dr. Houlahan, John F. Shea, Frank Abb and E. D. Glennon.

### A Card.

To our many friends and neighbors, who rendered such unselfish assistance during the illness and after death of our father, John Altenburg, we wish to tender our most sincere gratitude.  
THE FAMILY.

### To Our Farmers.

Lukaszevig & Mioskowski, tanners, just west of the Week Lumber Co. yard, on Wisconsin street, in this city, are prepared to tan your cow hides, horse hide or sheep skins for robes or other purposes, and do other work in their line. Tanning of the finest, and by a new process. When in the city call at their place, and you will be welcome.  
oc30w4

## If You Want to Save Money

On Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats, Underwear, Mackinaw Jackets, Gloves and Mittens, Men's Rubbers, German Socks, and Suspenders, go to

Clifford's Closing Out Clothing Sale.

Don't

Be a Ready-Made Man,

But Have Your Clothing Made to Order by

A. GOERKE,  
Merchant Tailor.

OVERCOATS AND SUITS to Order on Shortest Notice. . . . .  
Fit and Workmanship Guaranteed.

500 New Fall and Winter Styles.

UNION BLOCK,  
Second Floor.



Awarded  
Highest Honors—World's Fair

# DR. PRICES CREAM BAKING POWDER

MOST PERFECT MADE.  
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free  
from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.  
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

The Gazette.

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 6, 1895.

—Remember the Cheap Cash store  
guarantees goods and prices.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Sanborn, of  
Ashland, spent Sunday in the city.

—A house in first-class condition,  
and two lots, for sale. Call at 111  
Jefferson street.

—Miss Mame Timlin, of Lanark,  
commenced a term of school at Junction  
City, on Monday.

—The South Side Lumber Co. sell  
the celebrated Oshkosh sash, doors,  
blinds and mouldings.

—Miss Hattie Moberg, editor of the  
Amherst Advocate, spent a few hours  
in this city, last Saturday.

—Frank Johnson, of Plainfield, is  
among the new students who enrolled  
at the Business College this week.

—Peter Trierwiler, one of Sharon's  
most successful and industrious farm-  
ers, was a caller on Tuesday after-  
noon.

—Wm. Homrig, formerly in the  
employ of Louis Port & Co. in this  
city, is about to open a cigar factory  
at Wausau.

—For most anything you want, call  
upon J. Shafton at the Boston Fair  
store and save money. He has a fine  
stock, at low prices.

—G. W. Cate, J. H. Brennan and  
B. B. Park had business before the  
circuit court at Waupaca, on Monday,  
the first named remaining there.

—Irene Cobb has accepted a po-  
sition as teacher at Phillips. Miss  
Cobb is one of our most successful  
teachers, and such our northern neigh-  
bors will find her.

—Buyers of flour can save 75 cents  
per barrel by purchasing the celebrated  
Rosebud, manufactured by the Jack-  
son Milling Co., instead of buying  
four made elsewhere.

—A full line of lumber of all kinds,  
as well as timber, lath, shingles, etc.,  
can be found at the North Side Lum-  
ber Co. yard. They are making a spe-  
cialty of the retail trade.

—Sheriff Leahy brought Jos. Pus-  
drowski before Judge Murat, on com-  
plaint of Mary Miller, on Tuesday,  
and they were united by legal ties.  
Both are residents of Hull.

—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Clifford left  
for Green Bay, last Saturday, to visit  
with their daughters, the former  
returning on Monday, while the latter  
will remain for a week or two.

—A complete assortment of shoes  
have just been added by Geo. J. Leon-  
ard, the Clark street grocer. Give  
him a call before buying and he will  
satisfy you as to price and quality.

—Frank C. Bailey, druggist with  
R. H. Mieding & Co. for the past  
couple of years, resigned his position  
on Saturday evening, but has not  
decided what he will turn his atten-  
tion to.

—The work of setting new tele-  
phone poles throughout the city, by  
the Wisconsin Telephone Co., was  
commenced on Tuesday morning.  
The poles are all nicely peeled, and  
will also be painted. The system  
here will be thoroughly remodeled,  
and when completed will be a model  
of perfection.

—Dr. Rea, the specialist, of Chic-  
ago, is certainly deserving of the at-  
tention shown in this and other com-  
munities. He is an excellent physi-  
cian, who has had thorough training  
for his chosen profession, to which is  
added years of successful practice.  
He is without doubt a perfect gentle-  
man, and should you conclude to con-  
sult him you are assured of honorable  
treatment. His many successful cases  
in this vicinity speak for themselves.

## Blanket Sale This Week.

To some merchant's notion it's foolish to sacrifice prices at the  
season's opening. But we do it this way: If we can sell double or triple  
the ordinary quantity of a certain article by sharing the profits with you  
for a limited time, we find it pays us and pays you. That's the argument  
for this sale of blankets: we share the profits with you to induce buying  
now. After this week the old prices will prevail.

ANDRAE & SHAFFER CO.

—Go to the Cheap Cash store.

—J. J. Kennedy, the Rib Lake lum-  
berman, was a Stevens Point visitor  
yesterday.

—E. D. Frost, the Almond dairy  
farmer, was a Stevens Point visitor  
yesterday.

—Pianos, organs and sewing ma-  
chines for sale or rent, and on reason-  
able terms. Call upon J. Iverson.

—Alois Stark, of Knowlton, was in  
the city yesterday, coming down to  
attend the funeral of John J. Fallon.

—John Shevlin, one of the well-to-  
do farmers who live near Amherst,  
was a Stevens Point visitor, last Fri-  
day.

—A. G. Green, at his meat market,  
pays the highest cash price for hides  
and pelts. Call and see him before  
you sell.

—H. A. Creuger and wife, of Chil-  
pewa Falls, came down the latter part  
of last week and spent several days  
among friends here.

—The North Side Lumber Co. is  
headquarters for all kinds of builders'  
material, and customers can be ac-  
commodated on short notice.

—Most everybody is now interested  
in football, and a good article on  
rules by Walter Camp may be found  
on the twelfth page of this issue.

—M. J. Thomas, one of the expert  
accountants who have been examin-  
ing the Commercial bank books, spent  
Sunday and Monday in Milwaukee.

—Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Ingle, of  
Sherry, visited among friends in this  
city last week, remaining until Thurs-  
day afternoon to attend the funeral  
of Trevor E. Rodd.

—Mrs. Jedd, Chenevert and two  
children and Mrs. Henry Heil return-  
ed from Fond du Lac and Milwaukee,  
last Friday evening, where they spent  
several days with relatives and friends.

—Rev. E. P. Lorigan, of Lanark,  
passed through the city on Friday  
last on his way to Manitowoc, where  
he was called by the death of his  
brother, an old resident of that place.

—Jas. Kanopa, of Milladore, has  
taken the contract to build a new  
school house about two miles north of  
that village, in a district recently  
formed. It will be completed by Dec.  
1st.

—I will sell my residence on Clark  
street on the monthly plan, with a  
small cash payment, 6 per cent. inter-  
est, principal and interest decreasing  
monthly. Call and see me. N. F.  
PHILLIPS.

—Mr. Czarnecki, of Chicago, has  
been here for the past few days, look-  
ing the field over with a view of open-  
ing another law office. He has prac-  
ticed in the Chicago courts for the  
past three years.

—A farmers' institute will be held  
at Plover on the 7th and 8th of next  
January, to be conducted by J. M.  
True, and on the 30th and 31st of  
the same month A. E. Noyes will con-  
duct an institute at Plainfield.

—President E. D. Coe, of White-  
water, and Ira A. Hill, of Sparta,  
both members of the Normal School  
Regents, spent Tuesday in the city,  
coming up as members of the execu-  
tive committee on business connected  
with the Normal.

—Among the relatives called here  
to attend the funeral of John J.  
Fallon were his uncle, Michael Cahill,  
of Waukesha; his brother, Michael  
Fallon, of Milwaukee, and brother-in-  
law, John Zeltwanger, of Wauwatosa.  
Others were prevented by sickness or  
distance from attending.

—C. E. Shortell, of Buena Vista,  
spent Friday in the city while on his  
way north for a couple of weeks out-  
ing and hunting in company with his  
brother-in-law, A. J. Sullivan, of  
Mellen. That they will have a good  
time goes without saying.

—Ed. McCarr, who has been with  
that famous little trotter, B. B. P.,  
during the season, returned to the  
city, last Friday, and had the horse  
with him. B. B. P. will be kept here  
during the winter. He also had a  
yearling Electioneer colt that Louis  
Brill purchased in Kentucky.

—Mrs. L. R. Lamb has organized  
a musical club, consisting of the older  
members of her class, and they will  
meet twice each month, on Friday  
evening, for social intercourse and en-  
joyment. The first meeting will be  
held at her home, 604 Briggs street,  
next Saturday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

—There will be a donation given at  
John Eiden's Hall, Sharon, Nov. 13th,  
for the benefit of the St. Martin's  
church. Tickets, 25 cents; including  
supper, 50 cents. First-class music  
will be furnished and a good time is  
assured. The strictest order will be  
kept, and everybody cordially invited  
to attend.

—Ice cream in quantity at The

Bazaar, 403 Main street.

—Before buying your shoes, call on

Geo. J. Leonard Clark street.

—Mrs. Jane Ticke, of this city, has

been granted an original widow's pen-  
sion.

—Before you buy, look at the Cheap

Cash store. They are making the

lowest prices.

—When wanting wall paper, paints,

oils or brushes, call upon Ira L. El-

dredge, 812 Ellis street.

—Why pay seven dollars for coal

when you can buy the best in the

market at R. A. Cook's for \$6.50 per

ton, cash?

—Miss Mabel Sustins entertained a

party of young friends at the home of

her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Sus-

tins, on Portage street, last Friday

evening.

—A. G. Hamacker, after spending

most of the summer visiting with

friends in Ohio, returned home on

Saturday morning, having had an en-

joyable vacation.

—Araham Brawley, after spending

the summer in Chicago, where a

couple of his sisters reside, is again at

home here and will soon depart for

the woods up north.

—John P. O'Keefe, of Arnott, left

for Cadott, Monday evening, to spend

the winter in the woods for E. A.

Martin. His team will follow as

soon as there is sleighing.

—The man who "fell from a load

of hay that he was delivering to the

pavement," has good cause for a

damage suit for being thus reported

by a newspaper of this city.

—Dancing parties were given at

Forester Hall on Thursday and Fri-

day evenings, and while the attend-

ance was not large on either occasion,

those who attended had an enjoyable

time.

—Among those from this city who

are hunting deer up north, this week,

are J. W. Ball, Aug. Timm, Arthur

Sturtevant, Jas. Gardner, W. E.

Langenberg, Gus. Rosenow, A. C.

Green, L. P. Moen and W. L.

Bronson.

—The Hesperus Club held its

annual meeting, last week, at which

time the following officers were chosen

for the ensuing year: President, J.

W. Dunegan; vice president, Dr. B.

D. Rodd; secretary, R. H. Mieding;

treasurer, R. B. Johnson.

—Richard O'Keefe and Frank Pike,

who have held a contract with the

Jos. Desert Lumber Co., of Mosinee,

for the past three years, taking the

lumber direct from the saw and plac-

ing it in piles, returned to the city

on Saturday evening, having finished

operations for the season.

—As the city has grown in size and

importance, so has the ice business of

J. W. Ball. To meet the increased

demand of another season, which

seems more than probable, Mr. Ball

is putting up another house. It will be

30x40 feet, 12 feet high, and located

at the corner of N. Third and Portage

streets.

—Miss Nellie Wiswall, after a

several months absence at Havre,

Mont., where she visited with her

sister, Mrs. O. P. Brigham, returned

to the city on Thursday last. Her

stay there was greatly enjoyed, and

Mr. and Mrs. Brigham, both of whom

are well known here, were left in the

best of health.

—The entertainment given by the

Columbia Comic Opera Co., last Wed-

nesday evening, was worthy of a large

patronage, but this they did not

receive. The price of tickets may

have had something to do with this,

but an Uncle Tom would have fared

better, while there is no similarity in

the merits of the two.

—Both day and evening sessions at

the Business College.

—County Supt. Hanson was a

pleasant caller when in the city, last

Friday.

—The opportunity has arrived at

last. Ennor's studio is in full blast

for the next 30 days.

—M. F. Jenkins, with the Green

Bay Advocate, has been a Stevens

Point visitor this week.

—Mrs. Hill and Miss Aggie Connor,

of Auburndale, were Stevens Point

visitors on Thursday last.

—Misses Bertha and Ethel Scott

are visiting with their brother, Dr.

Harold A. Scott, in Chicago.

—Mr. and Mrs. John McCarthy are

visiting at their former home in

Royalton, Waupaca county.

—Alfred Copps is taking a special

course in penmanship and correspond-

ence at the Business College.

—Cups and saucers from 6 to 50

cents, at the Boston Fair store. A

fine assortment to select from.

—E. A. Martin, the Cadott lum-  
berman, spent Saturday in Stevens Point.

He has begun preparations for the

winter's logging campaign.

—An elegant line of stand lamps

just received by J. Shafton, at the

Boston Fair store, and are selling

at from 15 cents to \$2.50 each.

—Buyers can save 25 per cent. on

notions, tinware, etc., by calling at

the Boston Fair store. Come and see

for yourselves and you will not fail to

buy.

—Work on the new 1st ward build-

ing is progressing nicely, the roof and

tower being well along toward com-

pletion, and the weather has been

most favorable to the contractor.

—Fred J. Hawn, who is numbered

among the youngest but none the

less competent officials of the Central

road, came down from the Iron range,

Monday night, to spend a day or two

here.

—Miss Laura Whitlock, who com-

pleted the short-hand course at the

Business College some time ago, has

secured a position as stenographer in

the law office of Williams & Conway,

Grand Rapids.

—John McCarr and wife came up

from Centralia, yesterday afternoon,

the former to return home this eve-

ning while Mrs. McCarr will spend

several days with her parents, Mr. and

Mrs. John Corridon, on N. Second

street.

—Nick Britz, late of the town of

New Hope, is now a resident of the

town of Linwood, having located on

a farm recently purchased by him.

He is about six miles south-west of

the city, and says the land there is

excellent.

—Newman Hoag, whose marriage

was announced last week, met with

a severe accident on Wednesday eve-

ning, by being kicked on the side,

shoulder and face by one of his cattle,

which he was caring for. No serious

results will follow.

—Compton's Dramatic Players

have been performing to large houses

at the Grand this week, and will re-

main until Saturday evening, with a

matinee in the afternoon. They give

good performances, are first-class peo-

ple, socially and professionally, and

are worthy of liberal patronage.

—Some of the young ladies of Mil-

waukee have an organization called

the "Contented Girls" club, and their

last meeting was held with Miss Alice

Meehan, 2604 Cedar street. Among

the guests were Misses Grace Keilly

and Lettie Meehan and Ray Meehan,

all former Stevens Pointers. As some

twenty young men attended also, there

may be something in a name.

—After an existence as brief as it

was in some respects remarkable,

J. D. Curran's

great and only

CLOSING OUT SALE

STILL CONTINUES.

Bargain Days :

THURSDAY,

FRIDAY,

SATURDAY.

ALL THIS WEEK.

GOODS MUST GO

and

Cut Prices Prevail.

The Fall and Winter Stock

IS COMPLETE AT THE

CHEAP CASH STORE.

Second door west of Post Office.

We Will Not be Undersold. Note our Prices:

Ladies' Cloaks and Capes, \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50, \$4, to \$10.

Baby Cloaks, \$1.00, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00 and 2.25.

Men's Suits, \$2.50, 3.00, 4.00, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 10.00.

Boys' Suits, 60c, 75c, 90c, \$1, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3.00, 3.50.

Men's Pants, 50c, 75c, 90c, \$1, 1.25, 1.50, 2.00, 2.50, 3, 3.50.

Boys' Pants, 15c, 25c 40c, 50c, 65c, 75c,







**GATE, JONES & BARBORN,**  
**ATTORNEYS AT LAW.**  
Law and Collection Office corner of Strong's  
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**STEVENS POINT, WIS.**

**W. F. OWEN,**  
**ATTORNEY AT LAW.**  
Offices in Masonic Block.  
All business promptly attended to.  
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Office hours 8 to 10 a. m., 2 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.  
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**Drs. C. von Neupert,**  
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Surgical Operations. Female Diseases a Specialty.  
Office over Shannon's store. Telephone 31. ■  
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**PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.**  
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Specialties, Diseases and  
Operations of the  
**Eye, Ear, Nose & Throat.**  
Glasses ground to order to  
correct Astigmatism, Weak  
Eyes, etc.  
Office, 109-111 Strong's ave.  
Over Taylor Bros. drugstore.  
**Stevens Pt., Wis.** Hours, 9 to 11, 1 to 5, 7 to 8.

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**OPTICIAN.**  
At Reton Bros. & Co.'s Jewelry Store.  
Examinations Free. All Work Guaranteed.  
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Office in First National Bank Block, 2nd St.,  
**STEVENS POINT, WIS.**

**GEO. M. HOULEHAN,**  
**SURGEON DENTIST.**  
Office over Post Office.  
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Office hours from 8:30 A. M. to 6 P. M.  
Gold and Silver Fillings, Crown and Bridge  
work a specialty.

**DR. JESSE SMITH,**  
**SURGEON DENTIST.**  
Office over R. H. Butterfield & Co's  
Real Estate Office.  
Hayes' Process of Anaesthesia or Hypnotism  
used in the painless extraction of teeth.  
Both painless and harmless.  
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**DR. F. A. NORTON,**  
**VETERINARY SURGEON.**  
Treats all diseases of Domestic Animals.  
All calls promptly attended, day or night,  
either in the city or from the surrounding  
country.  
Office at residence in the H. J. Moen house  
on Main street, two doors east of George St.  
Headquarters at Taylor Bros. Drug  
Store, Strong's Avenue.

**Piano Tuning.**  
**ELLIOTT L. MARTIN,**  
**Expert Piano & Organ Tuner.**  
Address, 114 Third Street,  
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**THOS. C. RUSSELL,**  
**OF OSHKOSH.**  
**PIANO TUNER.**  
Leave orders at Reton Bros. & Co.'s Jewelry  
Store, Main street, Stevens Point.

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Is headquarters for everything in the line of  
**WATCHES, CLOCKS.**  
Jewelry, Silver and Plated Ware, Optical  
Goods, Organs, Pianos, Sewing Machines.  
Give us a call and get prices, which you will  
find lower than the lowest. New goods arriv-  
ing daily.

**Love**  
**Lightens**  
**Labor**  
so does  
**SANTA CLAUS**  
**SOAP.**  
This great cleanser comes to woman's aid  
on wash-day and every day. Makes her  
work a matter of love instead of drudg-  
ery. Try it. Sold everywhere.  
Made only by  
**The N. K. Fairbank**  
**Company.**  
**CHICAGO.**



# Legals.

[First pub. Oct. 30.—Ins. 7.]  
**MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.**—  
State of Wisconsin. In Circuit Court—  
Portage County. C. H. Rohrdanz, Plaintiff, vs. Chas. Lange,  
Minnie Lange, Louis Wiesner and Minnie  
Wiesner, Defendants.  
By virtue of a judgment of foreclosure and  
sale rendered in the above entitled action  
and entered of record on the 28th day of Octo-  
ber, A. D. 1894, I shall on Saturday, the 14th  
day of December, A. D. 1895, at two o'clock in  
the afternoon of that day, at the sheriff's of-  
fice in the Court House, in the city of Stevens  
Point, in said Portage County, offer for sale  
and sell to the highest bidder the following  
described mortgaged property, or so much  
thereof as will be necessary to satisfy said  
judgment, with interest and costs of sale, to-  
wit: Lot number thirteen (13), in Block num-  
ber one (1), in Avery's Addition to the city of  
Stevens Point, in the county of Portage and  
State of Wisconsin.  
Dated, October 29th, A. D. 1895.  
**JOHN LEAHY, Sheriff,**  
Portage County, Wisconsin.  
**RAYMOND, LANOREUX & PARK,**  
Plaintiff's Attys.

[1st pub. Oct. 30.—4 Ins.]  
**STATE OF WISCONSIN.**—In Circuit Court  
—Portage County.—In Probate.  
In the matter of the estate of Addison W. Bell, de-  
ceased.  
Notice is hereby given that the petition of  
Eva Boyschle, of the town of Plover, Portage  
County, Wisconsin, that the administratrix  
of the estate of Addison W. Bell, late of said  
town of Plover, Portage County, Wisconsin,  
deceased, be authorized and directed to  
convey to the petitioner the following  
described real estate to-wit: The north-  
east quarter of the North-west quarter of  
Section number two (2), in Township num-  
ber twenty-two (22) North, of Range number  
eight (8) East, in said Portage County, pur-  
suant to a contract made by said Addison W.  
Bell, deceased, in his lifetime, is now pending  
in this court.  
Also that said petition will be heard at a  
special term of the County Court, to be held  
in and for said County, at the Court House,  
in the city of Stevens Point, in said County,  
on the fourth day (being the 29th day) of  
November, A. D. 1895, at 10 o'clock A. M.  
Dated October 19th, 1895.  
By Order of the Court,  
**JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge**  
**RAYMOND, LANOREUX & PARK,**  
Attorneys for Petitioner.

[First pub. Oct. 30.—4 Ins.]  
**NOTICE TO CREDITORS.**—State of Wis-  
consin.—In Circuit Court for Portage  
County.  
In the matter of the voluntary assignment  
of Alphon F. Lombard.  
Notice of the making of assignment.  
Notice is hereby given that on the 22d day  
of October, A. D. 1895, the above-named Alphon  
F. Lombard made a voluntary assignment for  
the benefit of his creditors, for the purpose  
of the undersigned; that my post office  
address is Arnot, Portage County, Wisconsin,  
and that every creditor of such assignor is re-  
quired to file within three months, with me  
as such assignee, or with W. J. Delaney, Esq.,  
the Clerk of said Circuit Court, whose post  
office address is Stevens Point, Portage Coun-  
ty, Wisconsin, on pain of being declared a  
dividend, an affidavit setting forth his name,  
residence and post office address, and the na-  
ture, consideration and amount of his debt  
claimed by him, over and above all others.  
Dated, October 30th, A. D. 1895.  
J. DOANE, Assignee.

[First pub. Oct. 10.—Ins. 7.]  
**IN CIRCUIT COURT—PORTAGE COUN-**  
**TY.** Western Lime and Cement Com-  
pany, Plaintiff, vs. George W. Clark, Defend-  
ant.  
Notice is hereby given that by virtue of an  
execution issued out of the above named  
Court in the above entitled cause on the 14th  
day of October, A. D. 1895, and to me de-  
livered, I have levied upon the property  
of the said George W. Clark, and shall on  
the 30th day of November, A. D. 1895, at the  
Sheriff's office in the Court House, in the city  
of Stevens Point, Portage County, Wisconsin,  
at the hour of 10 o'clock in the forenoon of  
said day, offer for sale and sell at public auc-  
tion and vend to the highest and best bid-  
der, the following described real estate sit-  
uated in Portage County, Wisconsin, to-wit:  
All the right, title and interest which the  
said George W. Clark had on the 21 day of  
October, A. D. 1893, and to me delivered, in  
and to lot number ten (10) of block number  
three (3) of Avery's Addition to the city of  
Stevens Point, according to the recorded  
plats thereof, together with all the rights and  
appurtenances thereto in anywise belonging.  
Dated Oct. 12th, 1895.  
**JOHN LEAHY, Sheriff**  
Portage Co., Wis.  
**W. F. OWEN, Plaintiff's Atty.**

To the Farmers.  
When in want of anything in the  
line of lumber, lath, shingles, sash,  
doors, blinds and mouldings, call on  
the South Side Lumber Co. and look  
over their stock, get their figures, and  
be convinced it is to your interest to  
deal with them. Our stock is all dry,  
and we will not be undersold on any  
item, no matter how small the  
amount. Call and look over our large  
stock of cedar and pine shingles.  
Yours truly,  
**SOUTH SIDE LUMBER CO.**

Diseases unfriendly to woman are positive-  
ly cured by Dr. Sawyer's Pastilles. Ask your  
druggists for a free sample package. It heals  
and cures. Sold by R. H. Mieding & Co.  
Dr. F. Sawyer.—Dear Sir: I have been  
suffering with sick headache for a long time.  
I used your Family Cure and now am entire-  
ly relieved. I would not do without your  
medicine. G. V. Miller, Mt. Morris, Ill.  
Sold by R. H. Mieding & Co.

**Stock and Property For Sale.**  
My house and two lots on Strong's  
avenue, and about 35 acres of good  
city property; also my stock in the  
John Rice & Bro. Co.  
**JAMES RICE.**

**For Sale.**  
A twelve room house, centrally  
located, for sale on reasonable terms.  
Enquire at this office.

# Meat Markets.

**MAIN STREET**  
**MEAT MARKET.**  
**A. G. GREEN, Proprietor.**  
We will keep constantly on hand a full  
and complete supply of  
**Fresh, Smoked and Salt Meats**  
**HAM, BUTTER, EGGS,**  
**LARD, POULTRY, FRESH FISH, &c.**  
The public are respectfully invited to  
give us a call, and they will find our  
stock always new and fresh.  
Highest cash price paid for furs, hides and  
pelts.

**THIRD STREET**  
**MEAT MARKET**  
**V. BETLACH, Prop.**  
**STEVENS POINT, WISCONSIN.**  
Dealer in all kinds of Fresh and Cured Meats,  
also Bologna and Fresh Sausages.  
Shop on Third Street, between Main and  
Clark Street.

**JOHN F. SHEA & CO.,**  
**DEALERS IN**  
**Fresh & Salt Meats,**  
**Poultry, Game, &c.**  
Orders from abroad given prompt atten-  
tion, and those in the city delivered promptly  
411 Main St., Stevens Point.

**Nicholas Miller,**  
**—PROPRIETOR—**  
**SOUTH SIDE MEAT MARKET**  
The Choicest Meats, Sausage, Etc.,  
always on hand.  
Shop on Division Street, south of Glover Brick  
Block, South Side.

**Banks.**  
**The First National Bank,**  
Stevens Point, Wis.  
Capital \$50,000. Surplus, \$25,000.  
A. R. WEEK, President.  
JAS. REILLY, Vice Pres.  
W. R. BUCKINGHAM, Cashier.  
J. W. DUNNAN, Assistant Cashier.  
Prompt attention given to all business  
entrusted to our care. Collections made on  
all accessible points.

**CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK**  
Of Stevens Point, Wisconsin.  
Capital, \$100,000.  
State Depository. County Depository. City Depository.  
G. E. McDILL, Cashier. R. C. RUSSELL, Pres.  
R. E. JOHNSON, Asst. Cashier. LOUIS REILL, V. P.

Accounts of Firms and Individuals re-  
ceived on the most favorable terms con-  
sistent with sound and conservative banking.  
Interest paid on time deposits.  
Drafts, money orders and letters of credit  
sold on all countries in the world.

**Do You Burn Coal?**  
Order your season's supply of the  
John Rice & Bro. Co. and get good  
coal. It doesn't cost any more than  
poor coal costs you. Ask any of our  
last year's customers how the quality  
of our coal compares with that bought  
of other dealers.

**Artificial Stone Pavement.**  
John Jones, the artificial stone  
builder, is prepared to do all work in  
his line, and guarantees to give sat-  
isfaction. Particular attention given  
to the laying of sidewalks, floors for  
carriage houses, stables, factories,  
etc. None but the best of material  
used, and work done in an artistic,  
lasting and pleasing manner. Pat-  
ronage solicited. Call at or address,  
John Jones, 315 N. Second street,  
city.  
apr24tf

# WEARE HERE TOSTAY

THE MOTTO OF W. R. HEARST'S NEW  
YORK NEWSPAPER.

The Young Californian Proposes to Battle  
the Dry Bones of Metropolitan Journal-  
ism—Some Western Editors Who Have  
"Staid" and Others Who Haven't.

Those who ought to know say that  
there is about to be such a rattling and  
shaking up of the dry bones among  
journals and journalists of the city of  
New York as has not occurred since Jo-  
seph Pulitzer bought The World, and  
that young W. R. Hearst, the daring  
proprietor of the San Francisco Exam-  
iner, who has just taken The Journal  
off the hands of John R. McLean, is to  
be the cause of the disturbance. Accord-  
ing to an announcement put out in The  
Fourth Estate, a newspaper man's news-  
paper, Mr. Hearst purposes "to stay"  
in New York. There is something deli-  
ciously naive in this expression of his  
purpose, and it may be the form thereof  
is original with The Fourth Estate  
writer. It much resembles the announce-  
ment in olden times kept standing for a  
period of weeks at the editorial page of  
a new country weekly:

**WE ARE HERE TO STAY.**  
Sometimes those who print such up-  
per case announcements are capable of  
"staying," though not always, and it  
is worthy of note that when Joseph Pu-



litzer settled himself in the chair as  
head of the New York World he made  
no such declaration. But he "staid."  
It is remembered that the other New  
York newspapers derived much amuse-  
ment from Joseph for a time. They  
held up to the general scorn of the  
public his "western methods." They  
even published burlesque stories of  
his alleged accent. The Herald called  
The World a "gift enterprise sheet,"  
and the Sun, which "shines for all,"  
teemed with sparkling editorials, the  
burden of which was that "Pulitzer  
must move on." Well, he has "moved  
on" to a larger circulation apparently  
than that of any other American news-  
paper, and to a point of profit making  
that is simply fabulous.

No doubt it is to some extent at least  
the unparalleled success of The World  
under Joseph Pulitzer that has induced  
Mr. Hearst to try his luck in the New  
York field. But he has before him an  
example of a western journalist who  
did not succeed in New York, that he  
has also considered, no doubt, as care-  
fully as he has that of Mr. Pulitzer.  
The Journal, which Mr. Hearst has  
just bought, was established by Albert  
Pulitzer, a brother of Joseph, as a low  
grade 1 cent newspaper. For a time it  
was phenomenally successful, and Al-  
bert Pulitzer realized a fortune from it.  
But for some reason he could not keep  
it up to the standard, and when he sold  
out to John R. McLean, owner of the  
Cincinnati Enquirer, it was understood  
that the profits from The Journal's pub-  
lication had come to be much reduced.

When McLean, who is a man of large  
wealth, took the paper from Pulitzer,  
he doubled and trebled its expenses in a  
short time. He put an enormous staff of  
reporters at work, he paid big salaries,  
he enlarged the paper, and he began to  
publish what would be termed "exclu-  
sives" in Boston, "beats" in New York  
and "scoops" in Cincinnati. Many there  
were who bought the paper that had  
never bought it before. These nodded  
their heads and chuckled and declared  
that McLean was about to make as great  
a revolution in New York journalism as  
Joseph Pulitzer had a few years before.  
But somehow The Journal didn't go,  
and McLean backed out. Now all the  
world in New York and a pretty fair  
sprinkling of it outside are waiting to  
see what Hearst will do with The  
Journal. He has two and a half times  
as much wealth, it is said, as John R.  
McLean had, Hearst's resources being  
reported to be \$25,000,000 and Mc-  
Lean's \$10,000,000.

W. R. Hearst is a young man, the son  
of the late Senator Hearst of California.  
He was educated at Harvard, where he  
mixed up with The Harvard Lampoon.  
He went to work upon The Examiner  
shortly after his graduation, and he  
spent great sums of money in pushing  
the paper. Plenty of Californians shook  
their heads at the beginning of his ca-  
reer as publisher. They said he knew  
nothing about newspapers, excepting  
how to ruin them, and declared that the  
Hearst millions would be dissipated in  
a comparatively short time unless the  
young man's extravagances were shortly  
looked after. In spite of these predic-  
tions The Examiner moved on day by day  
in the direction of success, young Hearst  
showing that, at least so far as San Fran-  
cisco was concerned, he knew about what  
the people like to read and would buy.

Mr. Hearst is a pleasant young man,  
modest in appearance and apparel and  
of engaging address. He is a great club-  
man, and he owns a steam yacht, a  
luxury which few can afford. For his  
sake it is to be hoped that The Journal,  
instead of consuming an income after the  
fashion of a steam yacht, will turn  
in a handsome net income to its new  
proprietor.  
**M. I. DEXTER.**

# PRESENCE OF MIND.

A Story of a Man Who Stood High in the  
Financial World.

Charles Fair, the only male heir of the  
late James G. Fair, sat in the billiard  
room of the Palace hotel talking to some  
pioneer friends of his father.

"Do you know, Charles, that a book of  
reminiscences of your father would sell  
like hot cakes? You ought to put the data  
in the hands of some publisher and let him  
issue the volume. What do you think  
about it?"

The son smiled and looked up at the  
talker as he replied:

"Why don't you do it?"

"No do it?" exclaimed the man with  
the publishing ideas. "I didn't know  
him."

"Neither did I," answered Charles.  
"Nobody knew him. I don't think a man  
ever lived who enjoyed his confidence. I  
can assure you that he was the same  
strange man to me that he was to others,  
and his iron rule to keep his own counsel  
was never broken."

"Whenever he did fall into a confidential  
and chatty mood, it was to just about  
something or to theorize. I recall a story he  
once told Alfred E. Davis, his old part-  
ner. The story I have in mind was woven  
into a serious conversation, and he never  
cracked a smile over it. Before proceeding,  
however, I must tell you that in the Com-  
stock mines a ladder goes down the side of  
each shaft, and every twelfth rung is iron,  
so as to give the whole additional strength.  
Well, father said to him:

"Davis, do you know I was almost  
killed once in the Crown Point mine?"

"How was that, Jim?"

"This way. I was looking down the  
shaft to see if everything was all right and  
lost my balance. Being unable to recover  
myself, I tumbled over and fell. Yes, Da-  
vis, fell. I must have gone about 100 feet  
when it suddenly struck me that if I didn't  
begin doing something pretty quick I  
would go clear through to hades, so I  
reached out and grabbed a rung of the lad-  
der. It broke, and I grabbed the next.  
That broke, too, and I reached for the  
third, which also gave way, and the next,  
and the next, and so on, but it broke my  
fall, and in about five minutes I reached  
the bottom a little jarred up, but perfectly  
sound."

"Davis looked at him out of the corners  
of his eyes a few seconds and said:

"What did you do, Jim, when you  
came to the twelfth rung? Did you grasp  
at that too?"

"Why, I missed it. Do you think I  
wanted to smash everything that was in  
the mine?"

When Charles finished his story, he was  
laughing more heartily than any one else  
in the crowd and could not be prevailed  
upon to recall anything more that had  
come from the lips of his famous financial  
father.—San Francisco Call.

# The Spirit of Criticism.

"This is a dreadful age!" exclaimed  
Mrs. Bragdon, dropping into her chair on  
her return from church and fanning her-  
self with the cover of the book she held.  
"People criticize each other continually,  
and nobody passes unscathed." Her hus-  
band laid down his paper and inquired  
what particular circumstance had aroused  
her attention to the fact.

"Why, just go to meeting! There's a  
set that sit and look around over the  
church, spying out things to talk over  
Monday. They notice every garment that  
comes down the aisle and every movement  
that's made."

"Then there's the set of those who pay  
attention. They look at the minister, but  
what for? They are just weighing his  
words in order to trip him up. Some  
think he uses one hand to gesture with  
more than the other, and some think his  
feet are braced back too far. I heard one  
woman say she couldn't enjoy his preach-  
ing because that look of half on his crown  
stood up so brashly. Every word he lets  
fall is passed judgment on."

Mrs. Bragdon stopped talking because  
she was breathless.

"Seems to me you noticed considerable  
more than the sermon to think this all  
up," said Mr. Bragdon slyly.

"Oh, it isn't confined to the church, not  
even to the choir, though every note they  
have sung for years has been tuned with  
a sort of mental tuning fork and pronounced  
off the key—it's the whole world generally.  
If you talk and take any part in things,  
you are judged by your words, and if you  
keep still, they say 'it looks rather suspi-  
cious that keeping so still, and so it goes.  
I am tired to death of criticism!'"

"Well," said her companion, getting to  
the safe distance of the door before he fin-  
ished, "for a woman that dislikes criti-  
cism, your little passing tribute to the  
town generally is a very praiseworthy at-  
tempt."—Youth's Companion.

# She Was Smart.

The new clerk was decidedly pretty—at  
least so said the employees of a well known  
Market street firm, and they immediately  
began to speculate as to her age, at the  
same time marveling at the new departure  
of the boss, who usually engaged the  
plainest young women he could find. It  
was a fact at this establishment to specu-  
late on a newcomer's age, the more so as  
there was a quiet way of finding it out.  
Every clerk was required to join the Em-  
ployees' Beneficial association, and on the  
membership blank was a space for "age,"  
which must be filled out. Accordingly  
when the new clerk had prepared her blank  
the older hands sought an opportunity to  
confer with the secretary, to whom the  
membership slip was intrusted, in order  
to confirm their various estimates, ranging  
from 22 to 28 years. The secretary was  
loath to part with the important document  
in his possession when interviewed at din-  
ner hour, but after being bribed with  
cigars he finally handed the slip to the  
spectators. What they read was, "Age, 15  
plus." And now they are wondering if  
plus is the largest portion of the number.  
—Philadelphia Record.

# A New Poet.

"Yes," said little Jim to his juvenile  
friend, "I'm goin' to run away from  
home."

"And fight Indians?"

"I don't know about that. But I'm  
goin' to get away from what's comin'. I've  
had paw's trousers cut down to fit me, an  
never found fault. But since paw got a  
wheel an is wearin bloomers, I'm takin  
no more chances."—Washington Star.

# Rough on the Doctor.

A correspondent of The Muenchener  
Neueste Nachrichten affirms that the office  
of physician to the sultan of Zanzibar is  
far from being a secure. Probably, to  
guard against poisoning, the unhappy doc-  
tor is compelled to swallow one-half of the  
medicine prescribed by him for the sick  
person.

In parts of Austria and Italy there is a  
superstition that the human saliva is a  
cure for blindness. The idea probably  
originated in the miraculous healing of a  
blind man recorded in one of the gospels.

# I THANK THEE.

For the earth and all its beauty,  
The sky and all its light,  
For the dim and soothing shadows  
That rest the dazzled sight,  
For unfading fields and prairies,  
Where some in vain has trod,  
For the world's exhaustless beauty,  
I thank thee, O my God!

For an eye of inward seeing,  
A soul to know and love,  
For these common sensations,  
That our high hearts have proved,  
For the hearts that bless each other  
Beneath thy smile, thy rod,  
For the amaranth saved from Eden,  
I thank thee, O my God!

For thine own great gift of being,  
I thank thee, O my God!  
—Lucy Larcom.

# HOW THEY DIFFER.

Man a Creature of Habits; Woman Utilizes  
Anything That Is Handy.

Man is a creature of cast iron habits;  
woman adapts herself to circumstances.  
This is the foundation of the moral differ-  
ence between them.

A man does not attempt to drive a nail  
unless he has a hammer; a woman does  
not hesitate to utilize anything, from the  
heel of a boot to the back of a brush.

A man considers a corkscrew absolutely  
necessary to open a bottle; a woman at-  
tempts to extract the cork with the scis-  
sors. If she does not succeed readily, she  
pushes the cork in the bottle, since the  
essential thing is to get at the fluid.

Shaving is the only use to which a man  
puts a razor; a woman employs it for a  
chiroplast's purposes.

When a man writes, everything must be  
in apple pie order—pen, paper and ink  
must be just so, a profound silence must  
reign while he accomplishes this important  
function. A woman gets any sheet of pa-  
per, tears it perhaps from a book or port-  
folio, sharpens a pencil with the scissors,  
puts the paper on an old atlas, crosses her  
feet, balances herself on her chair and con-  
fides her thoughts to paper, changing from  
pencil to pen and vice versa from time to  
time, nor does she care if the children romp  
or the cook comes to speak to her.

A man storms if the blotting paper is  
not conveniently near; a woman tries the  
ink by blowing on it, waving the paper in  
the air or holding it near a lamp or fire.

A man drops a letter unhesitatingly in  
the box; a woman rounds the address, as-  
sures herself that the envelope is sealed,  
the stamp secure and then throws it vio-  
lently into the box.

A man can out a book only with a paper  
cutter; a woman deftly inserts a hairpin,  
and the book is out.

For a man "goodby" signifies the end  
of a conversation and the moment of his  
departure; for a woman it is the begin-  
ning of a new chapter, for it is just when  
they are taking leave of each other that  
women think of the most important topics  
of conversation.

A woman ransacks her brain trying to  
mend a broken object; a man puts it aside  
and forgets that for which there is no  
remedy. Which is the superior?—Lippin-  
cott's Magazine.

# America Through English Eyes.

They like giving big names to things in  
America. A pond is a lake, and a hill is a  
mountain. They never speak of the sea; it  
must be called the ocean; a meeting is a  
convention, a dictionary is a "speller and  
a definer," a town is a city, a chairman is  
a president, and so on. The only excep-  
tion I know of is that the wealthy people  
who own those charming country resi-  
dences at Tuxedo and Lenox call them  
cottages. But these are not average Amer-  
icans, and in that country the manners  
and customs, as seen by the ordinary trav-  
eler, are governed by the average man,  
who is not a good specimen. He is apt to  
be a most awful "bunder," has no taste  
and does not know the meaning of the  
word "repose," but you need never meet  
this type except in railway trains and ho-  
tels.

His ideal, as one of them told me, is to  
spread his "tights" on the carpet and his  
legs in getting the better of his fellow  
men. But the refined American is quite  
different. These are mostly met in Wash-  
ington and the south, and, of course, Bos-  
ton is a thing apart, and as you approach  
this town you are told that the humming  
you hear is the noise of people reading  
Browning. Tuxedo also is a great excep-  
tion, where you can have congenial soci-  
ety. It is a large estate with woods and  
lakes and 40 miles of well laid roads.

Country houses or cottages have been built  
all over it, and there is an excellent res-  
idential club—into which, however, the fe-  
male element has progressed so far as to  
have introduced even babies into the bed-  
rooms!—George Forbes in Blackwood's  
Magazine.

# Not Such a Rich Find.

"I had a funny experience the other  
day," said Lawyer J. E. Delman of the  
Equitable building to a reporter.

"It didn't seem funny at the time, but  
I can laugh at it now. I found about \$2  
in silver and picked it up from the floor."  
"That's pleasant," said a friend who  
was present, "but I wouldn't call it  
funny."

"Ah, but I went into a saloon with  
some friends and found half a dollar near  
the door, which I 'blew in' for drinks. I  
heard something drop and picked up two  
more quarters. Blew them in too."



Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the

blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby removing the feed material of the disease and giving the patient strength, building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for a list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.  
Sold by Druggists 75c. nov

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WHEN General Miles retires from his office as commanding general of the army his successor will be some officer who never saw a battle of the civil war and whose education is only in West Point theories. By that time, also, not less than three-fourths of the veterans drawing pensions will have joined their dead comrades. Ten years from now the pension roll, now containing nearly a million

names, will not contain one-tenth that number.

EX-CONGRESSMAN Bynum, of Ind., is one of the few men who regards Mr. Harrison's chances for the republican nomination as being ahead of either those of Reed, McKinley or Allison. He says Mr. Harrison is stronger with his party in Indiana than ever before and that the Indiana

republicans are going to get him nominated if such a thing is possible. Speaking of the democratic nomination Mr. Baum said: "On the

**Church For Sale.**  
The United Brethren church property, on Minnesota avenue, this city, is for sale. For terms and other in-

formation apply to W. J. Dumbleton,  
on same avenue. nov6tf

**MUST BE SOLD.**  
A burglar proof bank safe, with time lock and inside chest, a nest of 51 safety deposit boxes, large letter file, bank counter, desks and other fixtures. All must be sold at once. Enquire of or address E. J. Pfaffner,

reciever Commercial bank.

**School Reports.**

School report of Dist. No. 2, town of Bergen, Marathon Co., Wis., for month ending Oct. 25, 1895: No. of days taught, 20; No. of pupils enrolled, 33; average daily attendance, 23. Names of those averaging 75 or above at a written examination, A class: Mae Bampton 80, Allie Welland 79. B class: Mary Daniels 90, Eva Welland 88, Hilda Jacobsen 75.

**SARAH DANFORTH, Teacher.**

—♦♦—

**Bucklen's Arnica Salve.**

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever

Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Bile, or no pay required. It is a

[1st pub. Nov. 6-1ns. 4.]  
**PROBATE NOTICE**—State of Wisconsin,  
 County Court for Portage County.—In  
 Probate. In the matter of the will of John  
 Lewis, deceased.  
 Notice is hereby given that at the regular  
 term of the County Court, to be held in and  
 for said county, at the Court House, in the  
 city of Stevens Point, in said county, on the  
 first Tuesday (being the 3d day) of December,

A. D. 1995, at 10 o'clock A. M., the following matter will be heard and considered: The application of Sarah Lewis to admit to pro-

bale the last will and testament of John  
 Lewis, late of the town of Stockton, in said  
 county, deceased, and for letters testamentary  
 thereon to be issued to Sarah Lewis, James  
 Lewis, John Lewis, Bigler and Henry Ward,  
 joint executors.  
 Nov. 5, 1885. By Order of the Court,  
 JOHN A. MURAT, County Judge.

[1st pub. Nov. 6,—Ins. 4.]

**TAKEN UP.**

Notice is hereby given by the undersigned, that on the 28th day of October, 1885, one red  
 calf with white face and legs, better than red,  
 both one year old, the owner of which is un-  
 known, strayed upon land owned by me, and  
 on which I reside, to-wit: Lot No. 7, Section  
 7, Township 21, Range 6 East, better known as  
 the place of John A. Murat, deceased, and was there

Dated this 1st day of November, 1895.

ANTONY STOKITT.

**Starks & Copps,**  
GENERAL  
**COMMISSION**  
MERCHANTS

PERSONNEL:

**Highest Market Price Paid  
for Potatoes.**

---

~~For~~ All kinds of Farm Produce  
bought and sold.

A specialty of Flour, Feed, Apples,  
Onions, Etc.

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MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

Office and Warehouse at west end of Clark  
Street, near Wisconsin River Bridge.

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**IRVING ESTES,**  
**PRACTICAL**  
**Building Mover.**

All work entrusted to my care will receive  
prompt attention and satisfaction guaran-  
teed. Call at or address 702 Dixon street.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®



# HISTORY OF A WEEK.

## THE NEWS OF SEVEN DAYS UP TO DATE.

Political, Religious, Social and Criminal News of the Week Carefully Condensed for Our Readers—The Accidents Record.

Theodore Durrant was found guilty at San Francisco of the murder of Blanche Lemont. The jury was out only twenty minutes. Durrant heard the verdict with composure, but his mother fainted.

Dun's review of trade reports business in a rather unsatisfactory condition. It is a period of waiting, and the stagnation may continue some weeks.

Chas. H. Hudson, chief of the lost car tracing department of the C. & E. I., was killed by falling off a train at Carbon, Ind.

The will of John R. Porter was filed for probate at Rockford, Ill. He leaves an estate of \$75,000, all of which goes to his widow without restriction.

Newton Lane, slayer of Colonel Henry C. Rodenbaugh and son James, was indicted at Versailles, Ky., on two charges of murder, and his trial will come up next week.

The monthly coinage statement shows the coinage executed at the United States mints during the month of October to have been as follows: Gold, \$7,215,700; silver, \$820,000; one cent pieces, \$23,500; total coinage, \$8,059,200.

George Farley, the 17-year-old son of William Farley, of Warrior, Ala., was placed in jail for shooting three men, one of them being his father in a street fight. The elder Farley and a man named Strickland will die.

Statistics setting forth the losses of Gloucester fishing vessels and sailors for the year ending Nov. 1 show that eleven vessels, with a total valuation of \$70,000, have been lost, while ninety men have perished. Last year 137 men were lost.

The Illinois state board of health during the past week issued certificates entitling to practice medicine and surgery in Illinois to Edith Sturges, K. E. Keith, R. E. McDonald and S. Severson, of Chicago; C. H. Smith, Tonica, and H. L. Kutechen, of Columbus, Ohio.

The Japanese have captured the inland town of Katchi, island of Formosa.

Congress at Lima, Peru, has definitely settled the Huailayoe railroad concession.

It is announced in London a Tyne-side firm has received a Japanese order to build three new battleships.

The pope is reported to be overtaking his strength, thus inducing fainting fits, which alarm his attendants.

The king of Portugal was received at Potsdam by Emperor William. The king is making a tour of Europe.

The Cunard steamer Campania, on its trip to Queenstown, passed a burning three-masted vessel that had been deserted by its crew.

The change in the place of sale for California fruit to the fruit exchange in Pudding Lane, London, has been highly beneficial to the shippers.

At Bay City, Mich., John McClellan & Son, hardware dealers, filed mortgages aggregating \$63,000.

Buffalo Bill has decided to close his Wild West show at Atlanta. The weather has been inclement.

At Marshalltown, Ia., the delegates to the convention of the Iowa Epworth league visited the Soldiers' Home.

At Erie, Pa., Armour & Co. and Swift & Co., of Chicago, were each fined \$100 for violation of the oleomargarine law.

At Tacoma, Wash., ex-City Treasurer James McAuley was arrested on the charge of having loaned \$4,000 of the city money for personal profit.

At London Depot, Leslie county, Ky., W. P. Bentley, ex-member of the legislature, fought a duel with Bige Hignite. Both died within eight hours. Bentley had killed Hignite's brother a year ago.

The Pennsylvania societies of the Lutheran church have formed at Philadelphia the Lutheran League of America, with E. F. Elbert, of New York, president.

At Washington the contract for putting in place the steel and ironwork above the attic floor of the Milwaukee postoffice building was awarded to J. G. Wagner, of Milwaukee, at \$21,000.

At Ann Arbor, Mich., over 500 women students of the university attended a reception given by the sophomore girls. All male students were carefully excluded, and the men in the orchestra were hidden by a screen.

The Duke of Cambridge, upon his retirement from the post of commander-in-chief of the forces, has been gazetted chief personal aid de camp to the queen and honorary colonel in chief to the force.

The report that the Hamburg-American steamships hereafter will call at Plymouth, England, on their eastward journey instead of at Southampton, thus saving twelve hours, it is claimed, is confirmed.

An impressive requiem mass was given at London on the occasion of the first anniversary of the death of the late ear of Russia, Alexander III. The prince of Wales and the diplomatic corps attended.

At Toronto, Ont., the case of Sydney A. Slocum, who is wanted at Peoria on a charge of murder, was adjourned to wait for extradition papers.

Moses J. Lovering, a wealthy retired farmer, killed himself near Leominster, Mass., by twisting a towel around his neck.

Miss Lucy Phelps committed suicide at Springfield, O., by taking prussic acid. She was the daughter of Col. John E. Phelps and the granddaughter of Gov. John S. Phelps.

John S. Crevier, a real estate dealer of Hoboken, committed suicide in his office by shooting himself.

# CASUALTIES.

Earthquake shocks were felt early Thursday morning in many states of the west and south. The vibrations lasted from forty seconds to more than two minutes. No serious damage to property or life is reported.

At Wichita, Kan., Maj. John Gorman, an officer in Gen. Franz Sigel's command, fell from a scaffold of a house and broke his neck.

At Early Station, near Iowa Falls, Iowa, Daniel Gammon, conductor, was fatally injured, and Engineer Permenator and Fireman Wagner seriously injured in a railroad wreck.

D. Bickler, a cattle buyer of Random Lake, Wis., was thrown from a buggy and killed.

August Raevoe, of Rosebush, Wis., was caught in the machinery of a feed mill and fatally injured.

Joseph Kellogg fell downstairs at Rockford, Ill., and received injuries which will probably prove fatal.

A 6-year-old child of George Ramsey, of Cooke county, Tenn., fell into a burning brush heap and was cremated.

At Petersburg, Pa., Mrs. Fortesque Whittle, daughter-in-law of the Bishop of Virginia, Lucy Stone, soon to be married, and a negro servant were seriously burned by the blowing up of a gasoline stove.

Near Monteville, Mo., 400 acres of timber and 300 acres of corn have burned.

At Menominee, Mich., the Columbus house was destroyed by fire. The boarders had a narrow escape.

At Miller's Falls, Mass., fire destroyed O'Keefe's hotel, the Union Block, Miller's Falls company's block, a Congregational church, and Moran's block. Loss, \$60,000.

At Columbus, Ga., the girls' high school and five residences were burned, with a loss of \$35,000.

An open switch at St. Louis caused a collision between two trains, in which both engineers were killed and a number of passengers injured.

# FOREIGN.

The Bank of London and Mexico will establish a branch at Tampico.

It is reported that the Mexican steamship lines will end their rate war and pool their earnings.

At Vera Cruz patriotic Spanish committees have raised \$4,500 for the Spanish cause in Cuba.

The fire that broke out in the British steamer Bendo at Bremen has been extinguished without great loss.

At Palermo two nephews of Cardinal Rampolla have run away to escape arrest on the charge of forging a will.

Ex-President Carlos Ezela, of San Salvador has lost all of his money at Monte Carlo and the government has confiscated his coffee estates.

Four prominent citizens of Santiago de Cuba are said to have been sent without trial to the Spanish penal colony of Ceuta, on the coast of Morocco.

It is alleged that 26,000 Armenians have risen in open revolt against the authority of the sultan of Turkey.

At Hongkong the American ship Wandering Jew caught fire and was scuttled. It was owned by Carleton, Norwood & Co., Camden, Me.

The archbishop of Cuba and bishop of Panama have left Santa Cruz for Havana.

# CRIME.

At Janesville, Wis., the wife of George Van Etta, one of the wealthiest men in the city, eloped with a horse jockey named Goldie.

At Jamestown, N. Y., Charles Douglass is under arrest charged with the murder of Mrs. Winslow Shearman and daughter in December, 1894.

At Washington, Attorney-General Harmon argued the cases of W. H. Clune, Isaac Ross and Philip Stanwood on appeal from a sentence of eighteen months' imprisonment from California for interfering with the mails during the strike of 1894.

George Kallikiey, of Bottineau, N. D., killed his wife, who had refused to live with him. He was arrested while in a barber shop preparing a disguise to aid in escape.

The court of appeals heard arguments at Albany, N. Y., in the case of Ernestus Wiman, charged by his late partners in the mercantile agency of R. G. Dun & Co. with forgery.

Fred Johansson, who killed a companion at Bryant, Iowa, while returning from a dance, was sentenced to sixty days in the penitentiary and fined \$200. He appealed the case.

William Thompson, released from Joliet penitentiary at the expiration of a term for robbery at Sycamore, Ill., was rearrested and taken to Rockford for trial on a similar charge.

Charles Douglass, of Jamestown, N. Y., has been arrested on a charge of murdering Mrs. Winslow Shearman and her daughter, Mrs. Cynthia Davis, last December. They were his neighbors.

Ex-Banker Burr, of Stevens Point, Wis., has exhausted three days in an effort to secure bondsmen, but is still in charge of the sheriff.

United States Judge Newman, at Atlanta, decided that "Crazy Bull," the Indian of Buffalo Bill's company, must go back to Baltimore to stand trial for manslaughter. He is charged with having caused the death of a small boy.

At Rockford, Ill., Dr. E. E. Gould, a dentist, who is under indictment for arson, has disappeared. He was under bonds of \$1,000.

At Lebanon, Pa., Major B. Frank Hean is said to be missing, with \$10,000.

At Los Angeles, Cal., Ferdinand H. Kennett, once chief of Police of St. Louis, was found guilty of manslaughter for killing Detective A. B. Lawson last June.

Mrs. Pitzel gave her testimony against Holmes at Philadelphia Wednesday. The details have been often published.

# MISCELLANEOUS.

Gov. Altgeld denies the report that he has commissioned Col. R. M. Smith of the Fourth Regiment to raise a new regiment of 1,200 men.

Judge Buck Kilgore of the Federal Bench in the Indian Territory has written to Attorney-General Harmon defending himself against charges filed by attorneys. The most serious charge is that "he doesn't know much law and is tyrannical."

At Duluth, Minn., the Masonic Temple Association assigned to George N. Lavague for the benefit of its creditors. The liabilities are about \$135,000. The assets are the Temple Building and insurance on the opera house destroyed a few weeks ago.

The ram Katahdin, the latest addition to the new navy, was given an official trial. The result of the trial is not announced, but it is said the required seventeen knots were more than maintained under favorable conditions.

At Washington, Ind., 400 miners employed by Cabel & Co. struck on account of the screens used. Others may follow.

At Denver, Col., President Jeffery of the Rio Grande railroad reinstated a telegraph operator at the request of the laboring men's committees assembled to consider the matter.

Mrs. Agnes Spzecholski, of Chicago, has secured a verdict against the Hammond, Whiting and East Chicago Electric Railroad for \$3,000 for injuries sustained in a wreck. She sued for \$50,000.

Half & Newbourn Brothers, wholesale dry goods and cotton buyers, filed a deed of trust and a chattel mortgage at Houston, Texas, with C. S. Rechman as trustee, covering a stock of cotton and real estate in several counties. The total liabilities are \$225,000, of which \$181,258 is preferred. The assets are estimated at \$210,000.

Members of the board of trustees of the Cincinnati Southern Railroad are working on a plan to make Savannah the port of a system of steamships to South America and South Africa, feeding them from the Cincinnati Southern and allied western railroad systems.

Moses Rosenberg & Co., dealers in dry goods and notions in New York, have failed. The liabilities are estimated at \$157,000 and the nominal assets at \$125,000. The firm has been in business about thirty-five years.

The Frank Brothers Implement Company, of which Mayor George P. Frank is president, assigned at Portland, Oregon, because of low prices for farm products and the loss of the grain crop in certain sections in 1894. No statement of assets and liabilities is obtainable.

Commodore Matthews, Chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks of the Navy, in his annual report estimates \$2,124,149 as needed for new work.

Two inches of snow fell at Plainfield, Wis., Thursday, the heaviest of the present season.

A heavy snowstorm raged throughout the Saratoga, N. Y., foothills. At Gloverville, N. Y., the ground is covered with snow to a depth of several inches.

Careful analysis shows the reported damage to the sugar beet crop in Nebraska by frost does not exist.

At Quincy, Ill., the committee of the Soldiers' home, made the annual inspection. Gen. W. H. Powell, state department commander of the U. S. A. R., was present and spoke at a camp fire in the evening.

At Larned, Kan., the earliest snow in eighteen years was followed by a heavy rain.

At Springfield, Ill., the Programme committee of the Illinois Farmers' Institute laid out the plans for the State meeting there January 7, 8, and 9, 1896.

At Auburn, N. Y., H. A. McCausland of Saginaw, Mich., threw himself from the third floor of the Osborne House and died four hours later.

The Lincoln monument in Oak Ridge cemetery, Springfield, Ill., has been found to be a sham and will have to be torn down. Parts of the structure thought to be granite are brick covered with thin layers of plaster.

At Jacksonville, Fla., twenty-two Cuban clubs combined in a meeting which was addressed by R. H. Davis of Chicago.

# LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

|                       |        |        |
|-----------------------|--------|--------|
| Cattle—Com. to prime. | \$1.25 | @ 5.25 |
| Hogs                  | 1.75   | @ 3.80 |
| Sheep—Good to choice. | 1.40   | @ 3.65 |
| Wheat—No. 2           | .69    | @ .61  |
| Corn—No. 2            | .31    | @ .32  |
| Oats                  | .18    | @ .19  |
| Rye                   | .38    | @ .39  |
| Eggs                  | .16    | @ .17  |
| Potatoes—New—Per bu.  | .16    | @ .22  |
| Butter                | .08    | @ .20  |

# MILWAUKEE.

|                    |     |       |
|--------------------|-----|-------|
| Wheat—No. 2 spring | .58 | @ .59 |
| Corn—No. 3         | .32 | @ .33 |
| Oats—No. 3 white   | .20 | @ .21 |
| Barley—No. 2       | .49 | @ .41 |
| Rye—No. 1          | .40 | @ .41 |

# PEORIA.

|            |     |       |
|------------|-----|-------|
| Rye—No. 2  | .38 | @ .40 |
| Corn—No. 3 | .31 | @ .32 |
| Oats—No. 2 | .19 | @ .20 |

# KANSAS CITY.

|        |      |        |
|--------|------|--------|
| Cattle | 1.00 | @ 5.00 |
| Hogs   | 3.00 | @ 3.65 |
| Sheep  | 2.00 | @ 3.25 |

# TOLEDO.

|                  |     |       |
|------------------|-----|-------|
| Wheat—No. 2      | .68 | @ .69 |
| Corn—No. 2 mixed | .35 | @ .34 |
| Oats—No. 2 mixed | .20 | @ .21 |

# NEW YORK.

|                 |     |       |
|-----------------|-----|-------|
| Wheat—No. 2 red | .71 | @ .72 |
| Corn—October    | .39 | @ .40 |
| Oats—No. 2      | .24 | @ .25 |
| Butter          | .10 | @ .25 |

# ST. LOUIS.

|            |      |        |
|------------|------|--------|
| Cattle     | 1.75 | @ 5.30 |
| Hogs       | 3.50 | @ 3.80 |
| Sheep      | 2.25 | @ 3.40 |
| Wheat—Cash | .63  | @ .64  |
| Corn—Cash  | .24  | @ .25  |
| Oats—Cash  | .17  | @ .18  |

# BUFFALO.

|                   |     |       |
|-------------------|-----|-------|
| Wheat—No. 2 red   | .69 | @ .70 |
| Corn—No. 2 yellow | .37 | @ .38 |
| Oats—No. 2 white  | .23 | @ .24 |

# THE EARTH SHAKES.

## SEISMIC DISTURBANCE IN MANY STATES.

Illinois Pretty Generally Shaken Up—Vibrations in Ohio Last Two Minutes—Alarm Felt in Indiana, but No Damage Reported—In the South.

Chicago, Nov. 1.—A distinct earthquake shock visited this city at 5:15 o'clock yesterday, lasting for about fifty-five seconds. No damage was done but in many houses pictures were thrown to the floor and crockery broken.

## ILLINOIS GENERALLY SHAKEN.

Many Towns Reported Feeling the Shocks, but No Damage.

Shelbyville, Ill., Nov. 1.—A severe earthquake shock was felt here at 5:05 yesterday morning.

Moline, Ill., Nov. 1.—Moline and vicinity was visited by an earthquake at 5:12 yesterday morning. Houses and contents were shaken. The disturbance lasted half a minute. No damage was done.

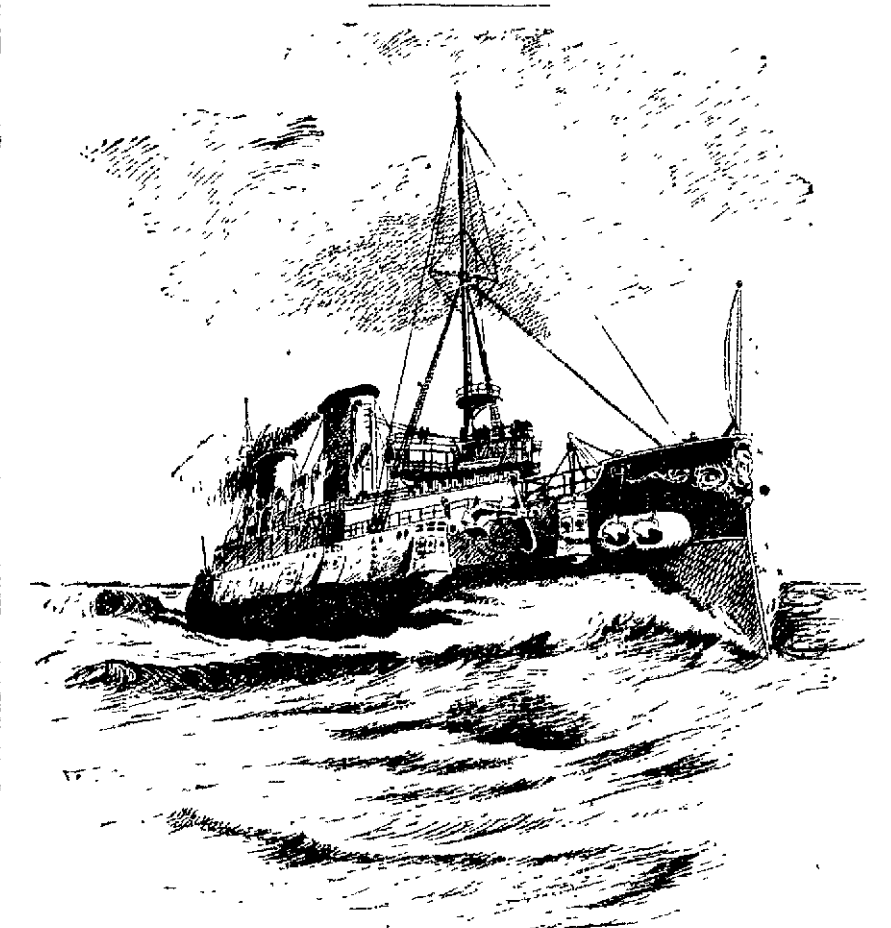
Reports of the shock, showing that the extent of the disturbance varied, were also sent from Elgin, Lacon, Mionk, Princeton, Monticello, Rockford, Monmouth and Streator. No loss of life or property is reported.

## LASTED TWO MINUTES.

Vibrations in Ohio Were More Pronounced Than Elsewhere.

Cincinnati, Ohio, Nov. 1.—An earth-

## ARMORED BATTLESHIP MINNEAPOLIS.



Above is a photographic reproduction of one of the greatest engines of destruction on the high seas. Such a ship, officered and manned with American seamen, would be sufficient to destroy an English fleet of warships at a distance of nineteen miles. It is allowed that there are only three ironclads in the whole British navy capable of destruction at such a distance and it is not likely that they would be sent across the Atlantic in case of war. One

quake shock was felt here at 5:12 yesterday, the most distinct for ten years. It began with a slight tremulous motion, then followed two or three violent undulations swaying brick buildings and rattling windows as by some gigantic explosion. The whole demonstration must have occupied nearly two minutes. It was accompanied by a slight roaring sound which continued after the shaking ceased. Reports of more violent shocks were received from Springfield, Dayton and other points north.

Zanesville, Ohio, Nov. 1.—A few minutes after 5 o'clock a. m. yesterday residents in all parts of the city were aroused by distinct earth shocks. The trembling continued half a minute and caused no little alarm. It was the most severe earthquake ever felt in this vicinity.

## No Damage Reported from Indiana.

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 1.—The most pronounced earthquake shock in the memory of citizens or within the history of the weather service occurred at 5:10 a. m. yesterday. It continued six or seven seconds. Every building in the city was shaken. Thousands of people were awakened. Windows rattled and beds rocked, glasses bumped together. Shocks are reported from Fort Wayne, Columbia City, Tipton, Michigan City, Anderson and South Bend. The general direction of the convulsions appeared to be from north-west to southwest. No damage is yet reported.

## Canada Feels the Shock.

Chatham, Ont., Nov. 1.—A severe earthquake shock was felt here about 5:30 yesterday morning, lasting about twenty minutes. People were badly scared.

Felt at New Orleans.

New Orleans, Nov. 1.—A slight shock of earthquake was felt here yesterday at 5:09 a. m. The vibration was from east to west.

## Tremor at Louisville, Ky.

Louisville, Ky., Nov. 1.—The earthquake shock here yesterday was felt all over the city, but no damage reported.

# TURKS BLAME ARMENIANS.

They Are Held Responsible for the Killing at Trebizond.

Constantinople, Nov. 1.—A sensation has been caused here by the report, generally believed to be correct, that three Armenian notabilities of Trebizond, including a prominent ecclesiastic, are to be executed on the ground that they are responsible for the recent rioting there. According to statements made in Armenian circles, about 800 Armenians were killed during the fighting at Bitlis with the Turks. The loss of the latter is said to be trifling.

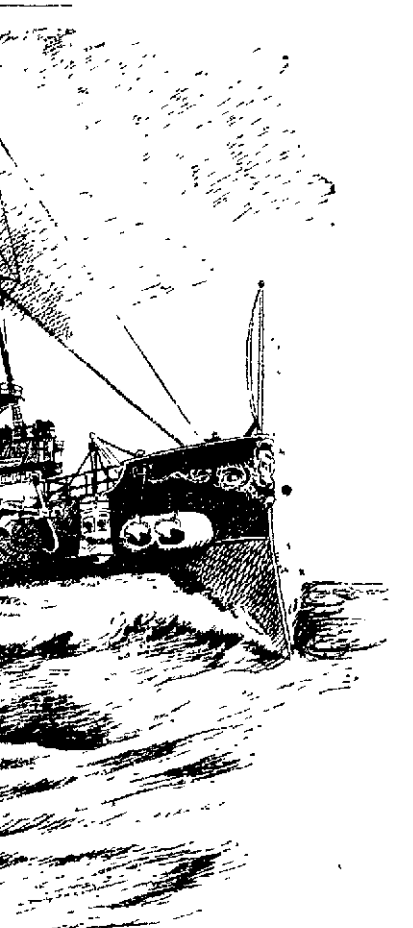
In view of the critical situation of affairs United States Ambassador Terrell has advised the American missionaries to withdraw temporarily from Sassoun. At the same time, Mr. Terrell has notified the Turkish government that the United States will hold it responsible for the lives of the American missionaries. The British charge d'affaires, M. Herbert, has made representations to the Porte of a nature identical with those of Mr. Terrell. The result is that the government has decided to send troops to protect the missionaries.

## DEFIES GREAT BRITAIN.

King of Ashantee Says He Is Prepared for War.

Accra, Gold Coast Colony, British West Africa, Nov. 1.—Captain Donald Stewart, the special British commissioner who was sent to Coomassie, the capital of Ashantee, to prevent the king with the ultimatum of Great Britain, has returned here bringing the first authentic news of the result of his mission. The King of Ashantee has rejected the British ultimatum, saying that he prefers war to accepting the

## ARMORED BATTLESHIP MINNEAPOLIS.



dynamite shell thrown from the Minneapolis would destroy any ship in the British navy outside of the three referred to. The Minneapolis was built under the act of Congress of March, 1885, and was launched less than a year ago. We have four more just like her, which accounts for the wholesome respect that John Bull has for our demands in the Venezuela and Alaska boundary cases. England dare not provoke a war with us.

terms of the British, and adds that he is fully prepared for it. The terms of the British ultimatum were that the king should have a British commissioner in his country and that he should place Ashantee under the protection of Great Britain. A strong force of imperial and native troops will now be dispatched to Coomassie to force the king to terms.

## Insuring Consumptives.

Cincinnati, Oct. 21.—Special.—Reports say that a leading life insurance company is accepting risks to the amount of \$300,000 on lives of consumptives taking the Amick Chemical Treatment for lung disease. The Amick Chemical Co. of Cincinnati is actually paying the premiums on this insurance and presenting policies to their patients. This company claims to have the most complete statistics on consumption in the world, and that these risks are good, providing the patients take a course of the Amick treatment.

## New Cure for Diphtheria.

Lawrence, Kan., Nov. 1.—Professor L. L. Blake of the Kansas university has discovered a remedy and preventive of diphtheria if the results of experiments already tried are to be relied on. It is a mixture of salt and water, about two-thirds of the mixture being salt through which an electric current has been passed. This current produces chloride of oxygen and ozone in an active state. The mixture is used as a gargle. Local physicians believe the discovery is a valuable one.

## Blinded by Snow.

Wilsons Bluffs, Neb., Nov. 1.—The whole line of the Burlington and Missouri, Orleans and St. Francis branch, is covered from two to four inches. The snow was so heavy that the west-bound train was stuck in a cut.

## Memorial Envoys Good Health.

Friedrichsruhe, Nov. 1.—There is absolutely no foundation to the sensational rumor that Prince Bismarck is dead. On the contrary, the prince has enjoyed better health recently than he has for some time.

# BREAKS DOWN AT LAST.

## HOLMES' NERVE FORSAKES HIM FOR A TIME.

During the Testimony Given by His Wife He Sobs Like a Child—Evidence Concerning the Murder of the Pitzel Children Is Ruled Out.

Philadelphia, Pa., Nov. 1.—For about thirty minutes yesterday the nerve at which all men have marveled forsook Holmes, and, broken and bowed, he sank his head into his hands and sobbed like a child. Meanwhile the woman he persists in calling his wife and upon whom he had pinned his highest hopes, sat two yards away relating a story that slowly but surely tightened the noose around his neck.

The case has progressed so swiftly that but few witnesses remain to be heard before the closing of the commonwealth's case. Then the defense will open, and, in spite of Holmes' statement that he himself would testify and also call upon Miss Yoke, his counsel privately stated yesterday that the defense would offer no defense, but submit the case on argument alone. The attorney expressed confidence in his acquittal. Their first victory was gained last night. The defense strenuously objected to the introduction of any further evidence touching the alleged murder of the children. The jury were temporarily taken to their room and elaborate arguments followed, at the end of which Judge Arnold sustained the contention.







## CORNER OF ODDITIES.

SOME STRANGE STORIES TOLD BY OUR EXCHANGES.

**Strange Death of an Italian—Girl Who Acts Like a Paralytic at a Word from the Doctor—The Puppy Painted Away.**

**W**HEN the preacher comes to our house Pa met him at the big road gate. An' dove his buggy to the barn. An' dinner time was awful late—

Caw's ma had put a turkey up To cook; but, sur, that vary day He flopped an ky-ouked an' broke two slats. An' men got out an' runned away.

An' ma wuz mad at everything. An' scolded Sam an' George an' me. An' killed Sam's hen 'at had the nest. Out yonder 's head the apple tree.

An' George an' me, we had to wait. Out there behind the clover shed Till they all et; an' George he cried, An' said he wist 'at he wuz dead.

I wist tha wern't no preachers now A livin' hardly anywhere, An' wist tha'd get too sick to eat. W'never'n tha come to visit here.

**Girl Who Acts Like a Paralytic.**

The most astonishing instance of hypnotism by "suggestion" comes in a report furnished by the French Society of Hypnotism and Psychology by M. Gorfelsche, an expert in mesmerism. The story he has to tell is of a little girl of 11 in one of the French provinces, who used to accompany her cousin, who was a country doctor, on his rounds, and in this way got to understand a good many medical expressions.

One day she fell ill. The illness was slight and she was on the high road to recovery when her cousin, the doctor, happened to say unthinkingly and smilingly in her presence: "Oh, good heavens! She is paralyzed!" At once the child exhibited every symptom of paralysis and she remained in that state at the will of the doctor. Afterwards he asked her if she was not becoming consumptive, and immediately she began to suffer from the dreadful coughing and blood spitting that consumptive patients have.

She seemed so exceedingly open to every sort of mesmeric "suggestion" that the doctor tried her with half the diseases known in the medical annals, and one by one she responded to them all. He needed only to remark that she was cured to have her perfectly well a moment later. Perhaps the strangest of the experiences she went through was when one of her schoolmates got a paper pellet in her eye. From pure sympathy the child imagined that she had the same trouble, too, and she rubbed her eye to such an extent that she felt the pain of it for nearly a year.—New York World.

**Strange Death of an Italian.**

There is much excitement in Italian circles here over the strange death of a son of sunny Italy. He was Dominick Abbanez, a painter. A few days ago Abbanez called upon Dr. J. H. Kistler, a specialist, at Broad and High streets, and secured treatment for a sore arm. The indications were that he had a cancer or some other abnormal growth on the affected member. The doctor was hastily called to the home of Abbanez, who was suffering great pain. The doctor administered a hypodermic injection of morphine and antipain.

Soon after the patient died. Coroner Herbst was called on, and found that notwithstanding life was extinct, the body of Abbanez was almost burning with heat. The temperature of the corpse registered 109. The coroner desired to have an autopsy performed, but Widow Abbanez objected so strenuously that she drove the physicians from the man's room. The coroner believes Abbanez died of uremia. The corpse turned red soon after life was extinct. Director of Safety Williams declined to allow an autopsy, in view of the objections of Mrs. Abbanez, and the real cause of the death is a mystery.—Columbus (O.) Special.

**A Woman's Tattooed Picture.**

Derby, Conn., special: Many years ago, when very young and poor, one of Waterbury's now most eminent and wealthy bachelors fell so deeply in love that he had the likeness of his sweetheart tattooed on his right arm. The young woman's parents wanted their daughter to make another match, and, though both the young people declared they would surely die if not allowed to marry, their engagement was at last broken for all time. They remained steadfastly in love with each other, however, for many years, but finally, so hard pressed was the girl by her parents and a rich suitor, she resigned hope, and became the wife of the man chosen by others.

Everyone thought the deserted lover would forever remain a bachelor, and, as year after year found him yet single, it was said that he had not forgotten his youthful affair. Recently, nevertheless, having meanwhile achieved money and distinction, the hero of this tale offered himself to one of Derby's most charming young women. He was accepted on condition that he have the sentimental mark of his early love erased from his arm.

Dr. Steven of Monroe has performed the painful but not serious surgical operation that removed the imprint of

the bachelor's old-time sweetheart from his arm. Only an ugly scar will remain to show the devotion and as the new love declares, the folly of youth.

**Strong Coffee Responsible.**

Wayne, Neb., special: A remarkable case of delirium tremens from the use of strong coffee is interesting to the physicians of Wayne and vicinity. Mrs. W. H. Hanshaw, the patient, is between 45 and 50, and is the wife of a farmer living a short distance from town. For many years she has been addicted to the use of very strong coffee in excessive quantities, frequently taking as many as a dozen cups at a meal. Her nervous system has suffered seriously as the result, and on several occasions she has attempted to break off the habit, but without success.

A few days ago she resolved to make a last desperate effort, and for a time managed to get along without touching the seductive beverage. At the end of the second day, however, her nerves were in a state of almost complete collapse and a few hours later an attack of what closely resembles delirium tremens set in. The physician called was at first deceived by the symptoms, but when the nature of the case was explained to him he said the disease was undoubtedly caused by the sudden breaking off of the habit. Mrs. Hanshaw's recovery is probable, but her physician says she could hardly survive another attack. He pronounces the case one of the most remarkable he has ever seen.

**The Lady and the Infant.**

A laughable incident occurred on North Rutaw street yesterday afternoon which afforded much amusement to the bystanders, but put the lady in a very unpleasant position. At the Lexington Street market there was a sale of small pigs. She bought one and placed it in a reticule. She thought it perfectly secure. In an unguarded moment the little pig with a quick bound jumped clear out of its prison and darted for a side hallway. The lady uttered a slight scream of dismay and started after it, calling to a gentleman to stop it. With his assistance the truant was recaptured and then the fun began. The pig squealed and wriggled its body out of her hands several times, she meanwhile on her knees making heroic efforts to retain possession of her prize. After repeated attempts the rebellious pig was finally secured, and with flushed face and soiled hands the lady emerged a victorious though sorely embarrassed woman.—Baltimore American.

**Her Baby Eaten by a Bear.**

The Dalles, Ore., special: A few days ago, near Bear Lake, about 30 miles from the city, a bear ate up an Indian child that was left in the brush asleep while its mother was picking berries. The poor woman heard the cries of her infant and thinking that it was being injured picked up a butcher knife and rushed to its assistance. She found a savage bear with the baby in its claws and gnawing the prostrate body. Heroically she began the fight, but the bear was too powerful for her, and, although she fought bravely, when she was rescued by the Indians she was nearly killed, the brute having clawed and mangled the flesh on her body in a fearful manner. The little child was dead, and almost every particle of flesh on its body was devoured by the angry animal. They managed to kill the bear. The remains of the little child were buried near the place where it met its cruel death, and the heartbroken mother, in her wounded condition, was cared for as tenderly as possible.

**Thoughts That Come Afterward.**

Mr. Beazeley was running the machine merrily to and fro, with a strained look and large, moist drops upon his countenance, a happy light glinting from his eyes as he noted each added swath of neat, closely cropped grass. Then a stout stout intercepted the whizzing knives, and Mr. Beazeley doubled over the handle with a remark that the neighbors looked out of their windows to hear repeated.

"Gash bing the flambusted thing!" he continued, putting both hands about himself and vainly striving to straighten out. "Every time I run a lawn mower I swear I won't run it any more."

He paused and looked reflectively into the heavens.

"B'George, that wasn't so bad, either," he said, turning into the house to tell his wife.

**The Puppy Painted Away.**

"Speaking of dogs," said Superintendent John Horne, of the Mount Washington railway, "did you ever see a dog faint away?" No one had. "Well I have," said the veteran railroad official, and he then proceeded to tell of a very young pup which was taken from its mother and remained at the signal station on Mount Washington all winter, several years ago. When taken down the mountain in the spring he met another dog who undertook to make his acquaintance. "You will observe," said Mr. Horne, "the young fellow didn't remember ever having seen a dog, and doubtless thought the one before him was the only other dog in the world; so he keeled over in a dead faint."—Among the Clouds.

**Drowned in a Can of Milk.**

Janestown, Special: While playing in the barnyard last evening the 4-year-old daughter of Fred E. Rowland, of Farmington, fell into a dairy can of milk, from which she attempted with a cup to dip some milk to drink, and was drowned. No one saw the accident and the child was dead when found.—Buffalo Courier.

Flying frogs are numerous in Bofaea.

## ON FOOTBALL RULES.

WALTER CAMP DISCUSSES ON THIS YEAR'S DRAWBACKS.

The Revision of Rule Twenty-Five, by Harvard Has Already Caused Great Inconvenience to Empires—The Season May Be a Failure.

**I**T cannot be said at this writing that the football season of 1895, which is now upon us in earnest, promises great things in the way of success. And this unhappy condition is due solely to the split in the college

world, as a result of which Yale and Princeton have amended the playing code of last year in certain respects, and Harvard, Cornell, and the University of Pennsylvania in others, which differ to such an extent that the rival factions will play, in many ways, a different game. Of course should Harvard and Yale agree shortly to play a match—in other words, agree to patch up a truce in their present strained relations—the chances are strongly in favor of a conference, whose duty shall be the adoption of rules alike for all. But until a game or no game is definitely settled upon it seems unnecessary to enter a discussion of the different amendments in more than a general way. While Yale and Princeton have attacked the rules governing momentum plays, Harvard and her children have left them severely alone. Thus the former allows only one player to start and only three to group behind the line before the ball is put in play. That is to say, the center guards and tackles must retain their positions in the line, while the ends can only drop back a trifle,



ETHEL DREW

though not allowed inside the tackle positions. This change makes the game in a measure what it used to be in former years.

The fair-catch rule, however, has been attacked by both sides and in a different way. For instance, the Yale and Princeton rules do not require that the man intending to make the fair catch shall hold up his hand. He is required, however, to make a mark with his heel and must not advance beyond that mark. Harvard and Co., on the other hand, permit the catcher to pass the ball to one of his own side, who can run with it or kick it. Otherwise the ball must be put in play at the spot where the catch was made. Other changes are these. Rule twenty-five, as amended by Harvard, University of Pennsylvania, and Cornell, reads: "No player shall lay his hands upon, or by the use of his hands or arms interfere with, an opponent before the ball is put in play. After the ball is put in play the players of the side that has possession of the ball can obstruct the opponents with the body only, except the player who runs with the ball. But the players of the side which has not the ball can use hands and arms to push the opponents out of the way in breaking through."

As amended by Yale and Princeton this rule reads: "A player is put off side if, during a scrimmage he gets in front of the ball, or if the ball has been last touched by one of his own side behind him. No player can, however, be called off side in his own goal. No player when off side shall touch the ball except on fumble in scrimmage, nor with his hands or arms interrupt or obstruct an opponent until again on side."

Respecting the officials of the game—while the one, or the Yale party, will be governed by one umpire, a referee, a linesman, and an assistant linesman, the other will have two umpires, a referee, and a linesman, all of whom "shall be nominated by the captains and confirmed by the faculty." The duties of this latter body comprises the giving of testimony by the referee to either of the umpires of all cases of fouls as seen by him, and the umpires are in duty bound to accept such testi-

mony as conclusive, and forthwith impose the proper penalty.

The Yale officials one and all are empowered to disqualify a player, though a decision of this nature must be approved by the umpire.

WALTER CAMP.

ETHEL BARRYMORE.

Talented Daughter of the Lamented Georgia Drew.

Ethel Barrymore is the daughter of Maurice and the late Georgia Drew Barrymore, and the granddaughter of Mrs. John Drew. She is not yet seventeen years of age, and has had less than one year's experience upon the stage. She had some valuable schooling last season while playing upon the road with her uncle, John Drew, in "The Bauble Shop," and she is at present filling ingenue roles in the same company. Miss Barrymore has a charming face and a very winsome manner. She is yet too young to give full evidence of her abilities, but the work she has thus far done has been more than satisfactory, and because of her distinguished lineage we have much reason to hope and believe that she will attain eminence in the profession.

DELIA STACEY.

A Young Actress Who Can Ride a Mustang and Skillfully Handle a Rifle.

Miss Delia Stacey, of the Dighy Bell Opera Company, is the daughter of the late Colonel May H. Stacey, United States army. Colonel Stacey, at the time of his daughter's birth, was in command of a post in California and in turn in Arizona, New Mexico and New York. He was a gallant soldier and a gentleman, and his baby daughter, born on the plains and brought up among the boys in blue, grew up a veritable "Child of the Regiment." She could ride almost before she could walk. Later on the Indian scouts taught her how to saddle and ride a mustang. The officers



DELIA STACEY.

took a great deal of delight in showing her how to handle a rifle. She became an expert horsewoman and an unerring shot with a rifle and revolver. The clear, bracing air of the prairies brought a splendid health to her body, and the exercise a magnificent development to her muscles. She grew up the pride of the soldiers and the delight of her gallant father and fond mother. The saddest moment in her young life



DELIA STACEY.

came when it became necessary to see her East to be educated. It was when she was at school that her father died in California. Cast on her own resources with her mother and young brothers to care for, she cast about for some occupation. General Sherman had always had a strong fancy for his old comrade's daughter and it was through that noble soldier's influence that later on, when Miss Stacey decided to enter the theatrical profession, he secured her a place at the Casino, New York. There her talent and beauty brought her rapid advancement.

Paddy Partel and Johnson, alias "The Terrible Swede," were sentenced at Weir City, Kan., to one year each in the penitentiary for engaging in a prize fight at Galena last spring. Immediately after the fight the attorney general took steps to have the principals prosecuted, with the result mentioned.

## WHO RULES RUSSIA?

THE DOWAGER EMPRESS IS BEHIND THE THRONE.

Strange Stories About the Action of the Young Emperor—Why is the Coronation Being Put Off so Long—People are Angry.

**W**HEN the Russian people are going to elect a new emperor, the rounds of European papers regarding the imperial family of Russia. A well-informed writer, the St. Petersburg correspondent of the "Munchener Allgemeine Zeitung," sends the following to his paper: "A few weeks ago I wrote in this column that more than ever the direction of all state affairs lies in the hands of the Empress Maria Fedorovna. We might have added, 'and the Finance Minister Witte.' This latter fact from a modern point of view, cannot be looked upon as a disadvantage for Russia, as Witte is a clever, determined, strong-willed man, who will go to any limits if necessary. Such a man, who is at the same time able to execute his political plans, who does not go half way or give up, has long been wanting in Russia. But the striking retirement of the Czar and his young wife causes much comment and a feeling of uncertainty. They avoid all intercourse with others, when possible, and even avoid giving audiences to the foreign ambassadors. The audience of the French ambassador, M. Montebello, was only accomplished by the appeal of the minister of finance to the Dowager Empress. And then the continual shoving forward of the Dowager Empress on all occasions, and other things add to the discontent. We hear even of attempts on the life of the Czar made in Peterhof palace, fortunately without serious consequences. The truth as to these reports is difficult to get at. The officials deny that such things happen, as a matter of principle; at least one never hears the full truth from them. The foreign ministers resident here know absolutely nothing of what goes on behind the scenes. Those who do happen to know dare not talk. Investigations also lead to naught.

"But in the last few weeks, certainly, no attempt on the life of the Czar has been made. The retirement of the Emperor is assuredly artificial. "Recently, it is said a diplomat went to Peterhof and asked for an audience, but he was told that the Czar and Czarina were ill and could not receive him. Perhaps the Dowager Empress, if the minister wished it, might be the go-between. The ambassador did not wish this and returned to St. Petersburg. "Again the people are excited because the coronation of the young pair has not taken place. They do not like to have it postponed until next May. Here seem to be some of the reasons for the state of affairs in Russia. In Russia the Czar and Czarina are not looked upon as 'full' until they have been crowned in the Kremlin of Moscow. When this is accomplished the people of Russia will grow more quiet.

**A True Bear Story.**

Stranger (up in Maine)—"I presume you have seen a good many bears in your time."

Hunter—"Bout a thousand."

Stranger—"I wish you would tell me a bear story—a true one, of course, every detail exactly as it happened."

Hunter—"Eh? Want a true bear story? Well, I swan! All right, I'll give yeh one; but sho! you won't care for it. Back in the sixties, about sixty-nine, I think, or mebbey it was seventy, I was walkin' along, not thinkin' of anything in particular, except Josh Peabody's chances of election—Josh and me were great friends—when all of a sudden, just as I'd crossed a log over a stream, and sat down on the further end of the log for a little rest, I felt a jar, and, looking up, there at the other end of the log, with one paw on it, was the biggest, ugliest-lookin' bear you ever see. I had my gun, but it was empty, and I hadn't as much as a bird-shot to load with—just going home, you know. My huntin'-knife had got lost somehow that same day, and all I had was an old-fashioned Barlow pocket-knife, a good deal the worse for wear. Well, I looked at that critter, and he looked at me for 'bout two minutes, when I sort o' sidled off the log and crept along up the stream about twenty feet, meantime openin' the old Barlow knife. I couldn't get any further on account of a high bank, a thicket of laurels, and the jagged roots of a big tree that was blown over. Well, there I stood, and there that critter stood, me eyin' him and him eyin' me, for full ten minutes, when all of a sudden—Mighty good cigar this is."

Stranger—"Yes, yes, go on."

Hunter—"Oh! yes. All of a sudden that bear crossed over the log and walked away."

**A Splendid Climbing Rose.**

Philadelphia Ledger: No climbing rose ever introduced has attained such widespread popularity in so short a time as the Crimson Rambler. Although it was introduced this year, over 100,000 plants have already been sold. To my mind the strongest point in its favor is its hardiness. A prominent rose grower in the spring of 1894 set out two strong plants in his trial grounds. By fall they had attained a growth of six feet. They were left unprotected during the winter, and in the spring he pegged down one of the stems to the ground. It broke from every eye, and in June he counted on that one stem 329 buds and blossoms. I regret to say that it is not an even-bloomer.

**King Humbert's Little John.**

An amusing story comes from the court of Italy. For some time past Queen Marguerite has been very much concerned at the extraordinary rapidity with which the hair of King Humbert has been whitening. What could she do? Womanlike, she saw only one remedy—hair dye—and she suggested the idea to the king. But his majesty objected to being rejuvenated by any such process. One of her relatives, a young prince, suggested strategy. He knew, he said, of a splendid colorless dye which she could place on the dressing table of the king, and he would use it without thinking as an ordinary hair wash. But his majesty got wind of the affair and laid a counterplot. The queen had a little white dog with long hair. He inveigled it into his dressing room, applied the famous hair dye, and turned the dog into her majesty's apartments in a coat of splendid jet black.—Tid-Bits.

**Fixing Geographical Names.**

The United States board on geographic names has decided that Korea and Chemulpo is the proper spelling, and that Bluefields, not Blewfields, is the title of the Nicaragua town. The edict of the board that Havana must be changed to Habana is slightly revolutionary. But all departments of the United States government must accept the amendment.

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W. W. CHAMBERLAIN, J. B. LEST, SUPERINTENDENT. NORTH WEST PASS. 1897. GREEN BAY, WIS.

## LIVE AND PRACTICAL.

## THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF CHRISTIAN WORKERS.

### The Approaching Convention at New Haven—Some Idea of the Association's Scope and Purposes—Its History Briefly Outlined—Methods of Leading Workers.

New Haven will be practically overwhelmed during the eight days beginning Nov. 7 by the delegates to the annual convention of the International Association of Christian Workers. This organization is one of the most powerful among the large number of undenominational Christian bodies that form so large an element in religious progress these days. It has members in nearly every state, and includes among its leaders many well known persons, such as Jacob A. Riis, William G. Howland, R. A. Torrey, John G. Woolley and others. Its secretary is Rev. John C. Collins of New Haven, the same who has only recently established a summer colony on the Ocean Grove plan among the mountains of North Carolina.

The association was organized in 1886, when a convention was held in Chicago. Subsequent conventions have been held in New York, Detroit, Buffalo, Hart-



ford, Washington, Boston and Atlanta, and year by year the membership of the association and the number of delegates present at the conventions have increased. "The root idea of these conventions," says one of the most earnest members of the association, "is that they shall be expositions of the diversity of ministrations by which men and women have been led of the spirit in the work of winning souls. The result is a spiritualizing and energizing of agencies for Christian work, and the stirring up and bringing into active relations of many who for various reasons have not hitherto been thus active." The conventions are held to be of special value to pastors, since they not only afford the means of studying closely the men who are most successful as evangelists, mission workers, pastors and otherwise, but they bring out new helpers and make the adoption of new methods possible.

The Rev. John C. Collins, secretary and chief executive officer of the association, has held that office for a number of years, and has filled it with great success. He is a graduate both of Yale college and Yale theological seminary. Upon leaving the seminary he entered at once upon city missionary work in New York. There his duties consisted in preaching Sunday evenings in a large centrally located hall, in conducting a Sunday school, in attending the police courts regularly for the purpose of studying the fallen masses and aiding the unfortunate and in carrying on savings banks and clubs for boys. Certainly he must have been kept reasonably busy.

After he had been thus engaged for a time he founded a remarkable work among street boys, which has since been extended into various cities in different parts of the country. By its operations tens of thousands of boys have been brought under religious influences who must otherwise have been left entirely outside the pale. It was Mr. Collins also who organized and introduced among the masses of city population the plan of saving small sums, called the Penny Savings bank, which has proved to be of great material benefit to thousands of poor boys. He was also active, together with the late Colonel George R. Clarke of Chicago, in the movement which resulted in the formation of the present association, and to him has been intrusted the chief executive work of carrying on the work of the association ever since its formation. He was ordained to the Christian ministry as an evangelist by the Congregationalists of New Haven in 1886.

No notice of the Christian Workers' association would be complete without a mention of the Rev. B. Fay Mills, the evangelist, who has been one of its chief pillars and who is known for his energetic and effective Christian work almost from one end of the land to the other. He is still a comparatively young man and is as pleasing in his address as he is earnest in his work. He was graduated from Lake Forest university in 1879, and so has been in the work not more than 15 years, but the number of persons who have shown an interest in things spiritual under his preaching is very great. He aids the association continually by suggestion and advice and is always an active delegate at the conventions.

Jacob A. Riis, another of those whose names are identified with the association, is perhaps best known from his exhaustive study of the underside of metropolitan life, which led to his writing the now famous book, "How the Other Half Lives." He is a Dane, but he has succeeded in penetrating deeper into the mysteries of American tenement house existence than any one else who has essayed to comprehend it.

## THE ENGLISH STATESMAN WAS FASCINATED BY THE FIRST CONSUL.

During the summer of 1893 Fox journeyed to Paris, where he was presented to Bonaparte early in September. The English statesman was fascinated, and, although the first consul said nothing definite or precise, his visitor departed convinced that his host desired nothing but peace with a liberal policy both at home and abroad as far as was consistent with safety. But the attacks of the English press became more the less virulent in consequence of Fox's favorable report or of his brilliant defense of France from his place in parliament. Toward the close of January Talleyrand remonstrated with Whitworth, this time giving point to his remonstrance by a plump demand as to what England intended to do about Malta. Whitworth replied that he was without instructions and made an evasive answer, hinting that the king's opinion of the changes which had taken place in Europe since the treaty might be of importance in determining him as to the disposal of the island. This was the first official intimation that England did not intend to keep her promise.

A few days later Sebastiani returned from the east, and on Jan. 30, 1893, The Monteur published his thorough and careful report. It was a long document, fully explaining every source of English weakness in the orient and setting forth the possibilities of re-establishing French colonies in Egypt and the Levant. There was only one menacing phrase, but it expressed an unpalatable truth that "6,000 French troops could now conquer Egypt." The publication in England of this paper raised a tremendous popular storm, and it has pleased many historians to regard Bonaparte's course as a virtual declaration of war. In reality it was merely a French Roland for the English Oliver. If England intended to keep Malta, let her beware of her prestige in the east. Had Bonaparte intended to act on Sebastiani's report he certainly would not have published it. Of course the English populace utterly failed to grasp so nice a point, and the incident strained the relations of France and England that all Europe saw the impending crisis—one or the other or both must consent to a modification of the treaty in respect to Malta, or there would be war. "Life of Napoleon," by Professor William M. Sloane, in Century.

## THE FIRST BICYCLE RIDER.

### He Hails From Chicago and Boldly Makes This Claim.

"I rode the first bicycle in America. If any other man claims to have done so, I would like to hear from him, but I don't believe there is such a man."

So says Mr. John William Tyler of 31 East Monroe street. The pioneer of the millions who now sit on wheels all over this broad continent is a middle aged man, well built, with dark hair and eyes. In early life Mr. Tyler was a gymnast. He is now a jeweler. During his apprenticeship as a jeweler he was a reader of a magazine, in which he one day came across a paragraph which interested him very much. It dealt with the improvements made to the bicycle, or velocipede, as it was then called, by the brothers Hanlon, who were surprising Paris by their exploits on the new machine.

At this time the riding of a bicycle was considered rather as a gymnastic exercise, to be undertaken only by the very skillful. Thus it appeared to Mr. Tyler, and he at once ordered a velocipede from the advertised manufacturer in New York, who had purchased the patent from the Hanlons. Said Mr. Tyler:

"After having waited about three months the velocipede came at last. It came c. o. d., with a bill for \$60 and a letter from the manufacturers stating that I had given them their first order, and the cause of the long delay was their not being ready to manufacture. From the illustration of the machine I thought it would cost only \$10 or \$15, and I was not ready to pay \$60. A friend, however, came to my relief and paid the bill, telling me that I could give exhibitions on the machine and in that way soon be able to pay him back, which I did, there being plenty of people then in America willing to pay for the privilege of seeing a man ride a velocipede. I hired an enclosed arena, and people paid to come in and see me ride, and that fall I established a velocipede school in Wilkes-Barre. My wheel attracted much interest—became so popular, in fact, that articles in reference to it appeared in a great many newspapers."—Chicago Interior Ocean.

## Dan Hivley's Conversion.

Daniel Hivley is remembered as having been about as hard a specimen as the saving power of grace ever overcame in the Ozark country. He was a man of great strength and of wicked temper. The way in which he became a resident of the Ozark country illustrated his inclination to be a law unto himself. It is told that in his young manhood Hivley was engaged in boating, salt down the Ohio river and up the Cumberland to Nashville. The man for whom he was working got behind with the pay. Daniel thought he was going to break. He went back for another load of salt, but instead of delivering it kept on down the Ohio and the Mississippi until he reached the White, where he ascended to the Ozark country. He never went back, but turned his mechanical genius to account in building mills.

A powerful revival of religion overcame Daniel Hivley, and he "professed." Some time afterward the preacher who helped convert Daniel was out in the woods, when he heard a great noise. He listened and discovered that Brother Hivley was having trouble with a cow that wouldn't drive. The preacher hid behind a bush. Hivley came along and jumped upon a log to look for the cow, but could not see her.

"Don't you to ——" he shouted. Then, after a few moments of silence, he added: "There, old devil, you have got one more oath out of me. Take it and go to ——" —St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

## Indignant.

"He's not what you would call strictly handsome," said the major, beaming through his glasses on a baby as he lay howling in his mother's arms. "But it's the kind of a face that grows on you."

"It's not the kind of a face that grows on you," said the indignant and unexpected reply of the fond mother. "You'd be better looking if it had."—Sacred Heart Review.

## Ancient Animal Tracks.

Amherst college, at Amherst, Mass., has a collection of 20,000 tracks made ages ago by birds and reptiles. These impressions left on the red sandstone are of all sizes, from those that might have been made by mice up to those of elephantine magnitude. The largest are by what was significantly named the Brontozoum giganteum, literally the great thunder beast.

## THE KING CURE OVER ALL FOR RHEUMATISM, NEURALGIA, SCIATICA.

ONE PUDDING 204 FEET LONG.

Baked in a Trench, It Was a Feast For Many Villages.

I had been ten years on Savage Island and meant to come to England on a visit, but before leaving went to each village to say goodbye to the people. We had been three weeks from home when we got to a little village called Liku.

The evening after our arrival there was a terrible commotion. Men, women and children were running about, some carrying sticks, some logs of wood and some big stones.

The men began digging a long shallow trench with their sharp pointed sticks. The boys brought big stones and firewood. These were piled up all along one side of the trench. The wood was then set fire to and was soon blazing, while the stones on the top were getting hot.

While the fire was burning one side little bundles of something white and soft were being undone from the clean leaves that contained them. This was the paste out of which the pudding was to be made.

There was no flour, suet, eggs, milk, plums or currants in it. It was the paste of a native vegetable called taro and old cocoanut, both grated very fine and mixed together. A long pudding cloth was laid along the side of the trench, and in it the pudding was carefully wrapped. It was not calico or linen, but nice clean banana leaves. Over this long cocoanut leaves were plaited.

When the stones were hot enough, some were quickly laid along the bottom of the trench; then the long pudding was laid on the top of them and then some more stones at the sides and on the top.

Some girls had brought heaps of leaves to lay over the top to keep the heat and steam in, and the earth which had been dug out of the trench was thrown over the top.

The cooks and pudding makers all went to sleep and left the stars to watch their cooking. Next morning at 8 the whole village was astir, men, women and children all in holiday attire.

It was soon discovered and was found to be well done. Long poles were brought and laid the whole length. These were fastened to the pudding by small vines, canes, etc. It was then rolled out of the trench on one side, short sticks were made fast crosswise to the poles, and all was ready for taking up.

About 100 men and boys then raised it on their shoulders, and with one tremendous shout started toward my house, accompanied by the whole village.

I measured it before carrying and found it was 204 feet long—two feet longer than the monument of London is high. It measured 18 inches in circumference. It was soon carried into pieces four yards long, and these were distributed all over the land, men carrying as much pudding as their strength would allow to distant villages.—English Exchange.

## Unhushed by School Children.

"When I was running a circus," said Jim McCue, philosopher, horse doctor, speculator and raconteur, "I never lost an opportunity of advertising. I always had my eye on the main chance, and I made everything pay. The fellow who traveled along with me to do the slow folks had to pay for the privilege, and if he was arrested I always got some advertising out of it by writing a communication to the local paper disclaiming all responsibility for the acts of the accused."

"I always made it a point to get my name everywhere, and whenever any one asked for my autograph he got it. Once when I struck a little town a great string of little boys and girls stood in line waiting for a chance to get my autograph on the little cards they carried. I wrote them as fast as I could, thinking to myself, 'McCue, old boy, your name is getting to be a household word.'"

"When I looked around the tent that afternoon I thought all the school children in town were there, and I guess they were. I was feeling pretty good until I commenced looking over the receipts and found 400 of my autographs with 'admit bearer' written above them. That is the only time in my life I was ever barked by school children."—San Francisco Post.

## How Large New Zealand Is.

New Zealand is popularly supposed to be a group of comparatively unimportant islands lying close off the coast of Australia and subject to what is vaguely termed "the Australian government."

As a matter of fact, says a California writer, it is about equal in area to the British islands, is distant some 1,200 miles from the neighboring continent, is an independent, self governing colony and possesses more beautiful and varied scenery than any other single country of the world except the United States. This colony consists of two large islands and a third small one, called Stewart island, to the south.

The two large islands are properly called the North island and the Middle island, but in ordinary language the Middle island is termed the South island. As the South island is nearer to the antarctic circle than the North island, it has, especially in its southernmost part, a cold climate. The North island has a warm enough climate to cause the oleander and camellia to bloom luxuriantly, and in its northernmost part the orange grows well.

## Culminating Record of Bulls.

Sir, if you admit the following "owes true tale" to be an illustration of abominable conduct, I think it will be accepted as the culminating record. A gentleman returned this answer to a bookseller who sent in his account for a book some time before delivered: "I never ordered the book. If I did, you did not send it. If you sent it, I never got it. If I got it, I paid for it. If I didn't, I won't."—London Spectator.

## He Promoted.

There is an anecdote told of an Indiana man who was presenting a letter of introduction to a merchant in the Ecuadorian capital, Quito. Ecuador is famous for its earthquakes. All the houses there are but one story in height, and the windows and doors of the thick walls are the universal niches for safety. The Indiana man had just finished an elaborate pantomime in an attempt to convey without words his joy at meeting the Spanish merchant. In the middle of it came an earthquake shock. Like a flash the merchant shot into one of the window niches, yelling to the stranger, "Pronto! Pronto!" ("Quick! Quick!")

The traveler was narrating it subsequently when earthquake stories came up.

"I didn't know no Spanish, and I didn't know what 'pronto' meant, but you bet I promoted," said the Indiana man.—San Francisco Argonaut.

## Extensive Land Owners.

Henry Miller and Charles Lux, cattlemen of San Francisco, confess to owning more than 14,000,000 acres of land in three states. As the San Francisco Examiner puts it, this makes an estate equal in area to the states of New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Rhode Island and Connecticut together. It is half the size of New York and three times the size of New Jersey. It is about the size of West Virginia and an eighth the entire area of California. It is as large as Greece, with the Ionian isles, of which Byron wrote. It is four times the area of Alsace-Lorraine, over which France and Germany fought. It is but little smaller than Ireland and half again as large as Switzerland. It is twice as large as Belgium and one third the size of England and Wales together. These two remarkable men are natives of one of the Rhenish provinces of Germany.

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